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NFS-320 and NFS-320SYS Listing Document

PN 52745LD:F7 11/8/16 16-466

For additional documentation on this product, go to <http://esd.notifier.com>. This additional documentation for the NFS-320 may be used as a reference only.



NOTE: The term NFS-320 is used to refer to the NFS-320, NFS-320E, NFS-320C, and NFS-320SYS, unless otherwise noted.

NOTE: For Mass Notification applications, Class A (Style 7) circuits called out in this manual are Class X.

1 Installation

This product is intended to be installed in accordance with the following:

- NFPA 70 - National Electrical Code
- NFPA 72 - National Fire Alarm Code
- NFPA 12 - Standard on Carbon Dioxide Extinguishing Systems
- NFPA 12A - Standard on Halon 1301 Fire Extinguishing Systems
- NFPA 13 - Standard for Installation of Sprinkler Systems
- Canadian Electrical Code, Part I
- ULC S524 - Standard for the Installation of Fire Alarm Systems
- NFPA 92B - Standard for Recommended Practice for Smoke-Control Systems in Malls, Atriums, and Large Areas
- NFPA 2010 - Standard for Fixed Aerosol Fire Extinguishing System
- NFPA 92A - Standard for Recommended Practice for Smoke-Control Systems
- NFPA 16 - Standard for Deluge-Foam Water Systems
- NFPA 17 - Standard for Dry Chemical Extinguishing Systems
- NFPA 17A - Standard for Wet Chemical Extinguishing Systems
- NFPA 2001 - Standard for Clean Agent Fire Extinguishing Systems
- UL1076 - Proprietary Burglar Alarm Units and Systems
- NFPA 15 - Standard for Water Spray Fixed Systems
- ULC S561 - Installation and Services for Fire Signal Receiving Centres and Systems
- UL 2572 - Standard for Mass Notification Systems
- ULC-S527-11 - Standard for Control Units for Fire Alarm Systems

Table 1 Standards

Follow these guidelines when mounting the product's backbox:

- Backbox should be installed in a dry, indoor location.
- It is recommended that this system and its peripherals be installed in an environment with a normal room temperature of 15-27°C/60-80°F and at a relative humidity of 93% ± 2% RH (non-condensing) at 32°C ± 2°C (90°F ± 3°F).
- Locate the backbox so the top edge is 66 inches (1.6764 m) above the surface of the finished floor.
- Access to the cabinet shall be in accordance with NFPA 90, article 110.33.
- Allow sufficient clearance around cabinet for door to swing freely.
- Use cables provided to connect dress panel(s) and cabinet door to earth ground.

Table 2 Cabinet Installation Guidelines

Terminal Block/Connector	Description	Specifications
TB4	Alarm & Trouble Output Relays - Common	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Power-limited (Class 2) only if connected to a power-limited source • Voltage and Current: Rated 2.0 A at 30 VDC resistive • Non-supervised
TB5	Supervisory & Security Output Relay - Common or programmable	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Power-limited (Class 2) only if connected to a power-limited source • Voltage and Current: Rated 2.0 A at 30 VDC resistive • Can be programmed as Alarm via VeriFire Tools • Non-supervised

Table 3 CPU-320/E Wiring Connections (1 of 2)

Terminal Block/ Connector	Description	Specifications
TB6 thru TB9	NAC Circuits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nominal Operating Voltage: 24 VDC Regulated Maximum Current: 1.5A (See Note 1) End-Of-Line Resistors: 2.2 K 1/2 W (ELR-2.2K) Wiring Configuration: Style Y or Style Z (Class B or Class A) Ground Fault Impedance: 0 ohms Maximum Line Impedance: 20 ohms Supervised Power-limited (Class 2)
TB10	DC Power	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nominal Voltage: 24 VDC, Regulated Maximum Current: 1.25 A DC, 1.5 A max for special applications (See Note 1) Maximum Ripple Voltage: 176 mVrms Ground Fault Impedance: 0 ohms Supervised Supported by battery backup during AC power loss Power-limited (Class 2) Resettable and Non-resettable power available.
TB11	EIA-485 Terminal Mode & ACS Mode Connection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Characteristic Impedance: 120 ohms Supervised Power Limited (Class 2)
TB12	EIA-232 Printer/PC/CRT (Terminal) Connection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Power Limited (Class 2) Not Supervised Equipment must be located in the same room within 20 feet of the panel with cables encased in conduit.
TB13	SLC Loop	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Voltage: 24 VDC nominal voltage, 27.6 VDC maximum voltage Maximum Current: 200 mA average (short circuit will shut down the circuit until the short is fixed). For battery calculations use 200mA. Wiring Configuration: Style 4, 6 or 7 (Class A or B) Maximum Length: 12,500 ft (3810 m) total loop length (NFPA Style 4, 6, and 7/Class A and B) Maximum Resistance: 50 ohms (Style 4, 6 or 7/Class A or B) Device Capacity: 01- 159 Intelligent Detectors, 01 -159 Monitor/Control Modules Maximum Capacitance: 0.5 microfarads for all SLC wiring Ground Fault Impedance: 0 ohms Supervised Power-limited (Class 2)
J1	Network/Service Connection (NUP)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Power Limited (Class 2) Supervised
J2	USB A - VeriFire Tools Connection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> USB connection for VeriFire Tools communication to the panel (Mini AB)
J3	USB B - VeriFire Tools Connection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> USB connection for VeriFire Tools communication to the panel (Standard B)
J4	LEM-320 Connector	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Not Used
J5	Security Tamper Switch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connection for a Security Tamper Switch (STS-200 for the NFS-320, STS-1 for the NFS-320SYS)
J6	Auxiliary Trouble Input	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Trouble monitoring connection for auxiliary equipment
J7	KDM-R2 Connection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connection for the addition of the KDM-R2 display
J8	Zone Coder Connection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connection for the UZC-256 Zone Coder
Notes: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Total current drawn from the power supply by TB2, TB6 through TB9 and TB10 cannot exceed 3.0 A in standby or 6.0 A in an alarm condition. The Control Panel provides a total of 4.4 A of power in standby and 7.4 A of power in alarm to be shared by all internal circuitry and external provisions (24 V resettable and non-resettable). Refer to the Notifier Device Compatibility Document for a list of Notification Appliance Circuits and Releasing Circuits. Refer to Table 13 for SLC devices that are compatible with the NFS-320. Refer to the Section 6, "Compatibilities" for a list of external accessories that is compatible with the NFS-320. 		

Table 3 CPU-320/E Wiring Connections (2 of 2)

1.1 NFS-320SYS Option Boards

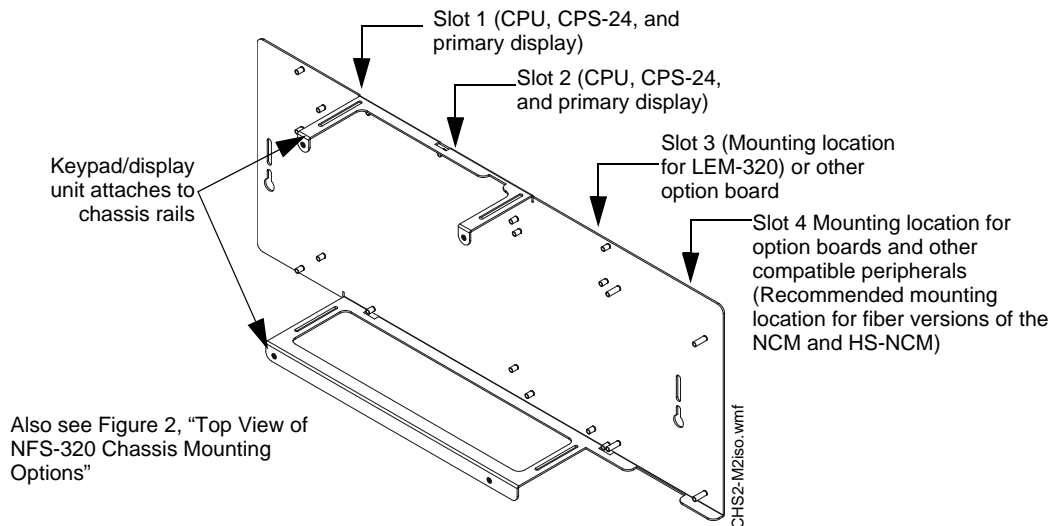


Figure 1 Side View of the NFS-320 Chassis Mounting Options



NOTE: When designing the cabinet layout, consider separation of power-limited (Class 2) and non-power-limited wiring as discussed in Section n "UL Power-limited Wiring Requirements".

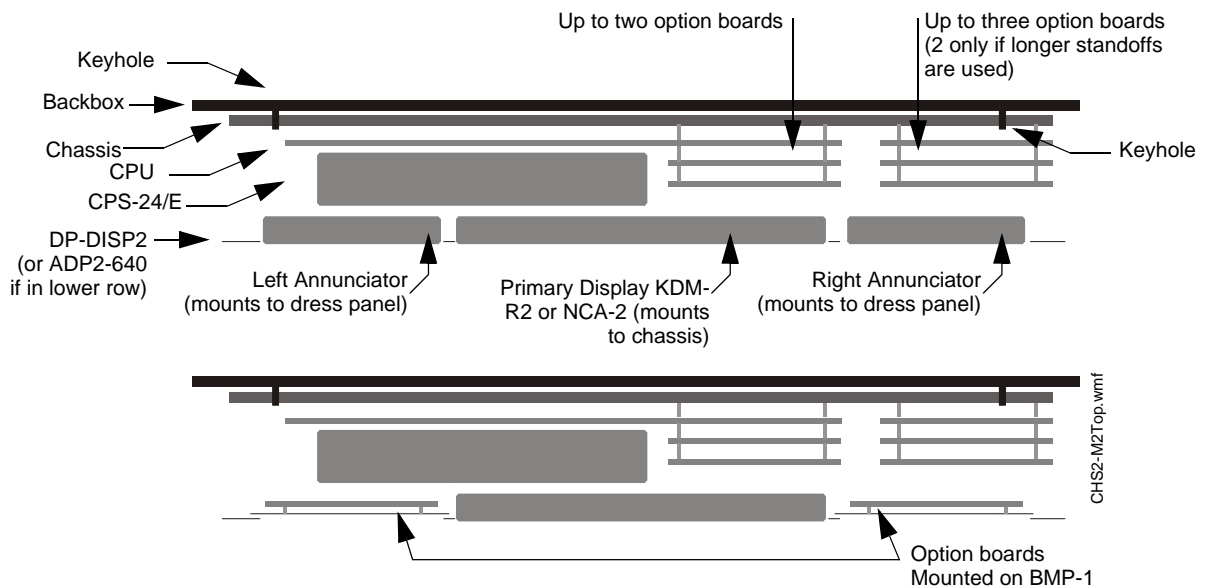


Figure 2 Top View of NFS-320 Chassis Mounting Options

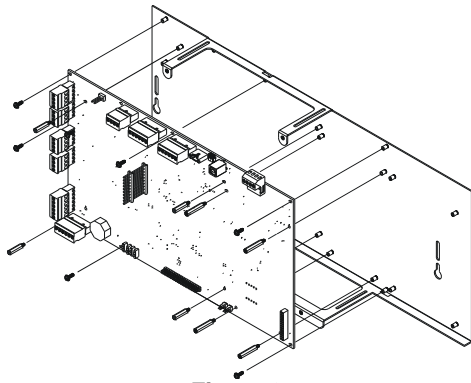


Figure 3
Installing the CPU on the chassis

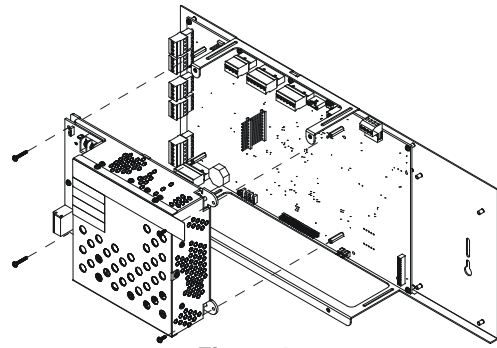


Figure 4
Installing the Power Supply on the CPU

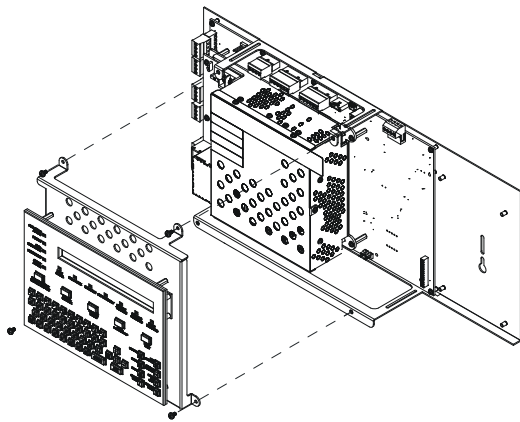


Figure 5
Installing the KDM-2 on the CPU

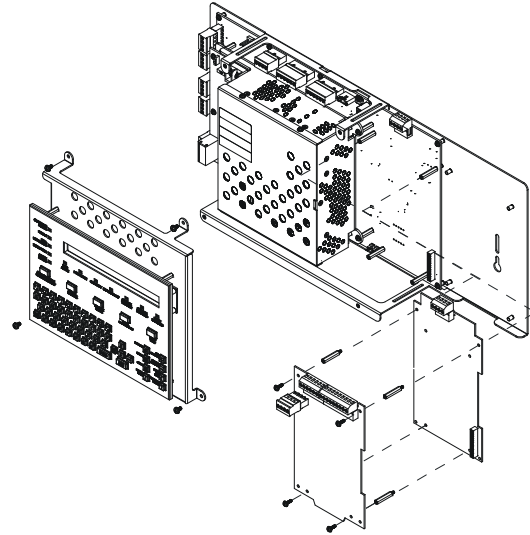


Figure 6
Installing option boards on the CPU

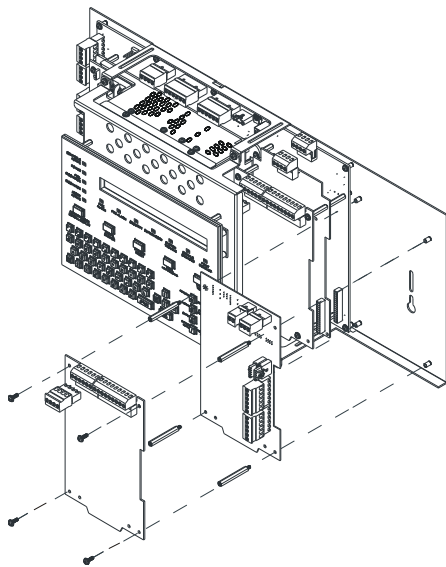


Figure 7
Installing option boards on the chassis

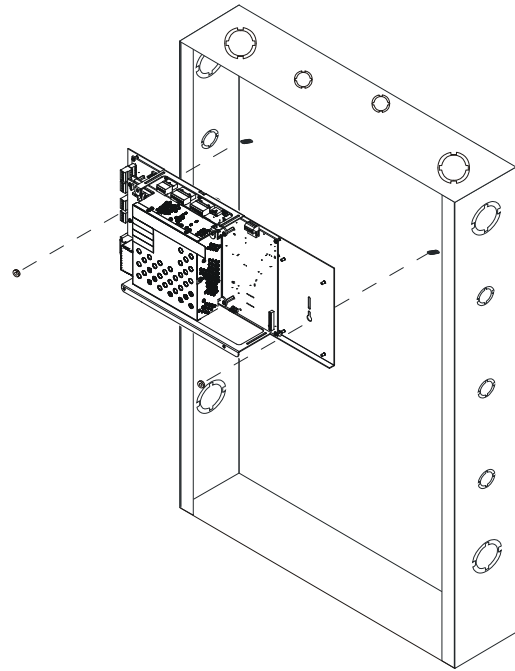


Figure 8
Installing the chassis into the cabinet

1.2 NFS-320 Option Boards

The NFS-320/E/C ships fully assembled within its cabinet. One or two option boards can be mounted inside the NFS-320 cabinet, under the keypad, as shown in Figure 10. Option boards that can be installed internally include the wire and/or fiber versions of the NCM or HS-NCM, TM-4, and UDACT/UDACT-2. When installing option boards, temporarily remove the KDM-R2 keypad/display unit to provide full access to hardware connections.



NOTE: UDACT/UDACT-2 only:

If using a UDACT or UDACT-2 inside the cabinet, do not install a second option board. See the *UDACT Manual* or *UDACT-2 Manual* for instructions on using the mounting bracket.

1. Remove and re-install KDM-R2 as shown in Figure 9. It may be convenient to do some basic field-wiring before reinstalling KDM-R2.
2. Lay the first option board over the four stand-offs already installed on the CPU, so that the holes and stand-offs align.
3. If attaching a second option board, use its standoffs to secure the first option board, then lay the second option board over the standoffs. Two sizes of standoffs are shipped with the option boards; select standoffs that allow sufficient clearance for electronics on the lower option board.
4. Secure the top option board with four #4-40 screws (supplied).
5. Re-attach KDM-R2.

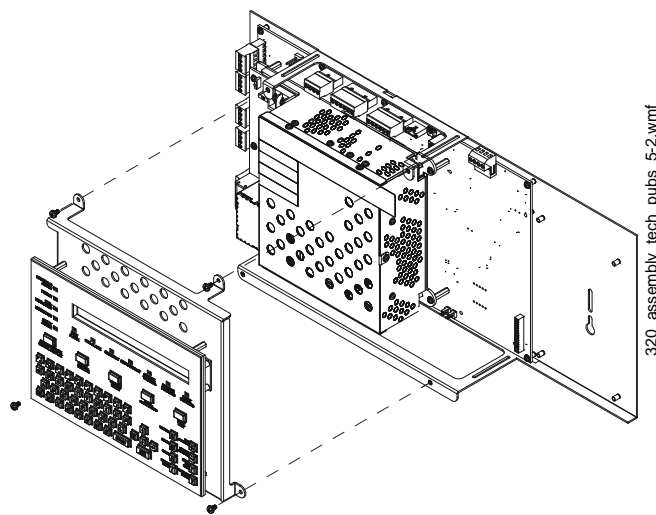


Figure 9 Removing and Reinstalling KDM-R2

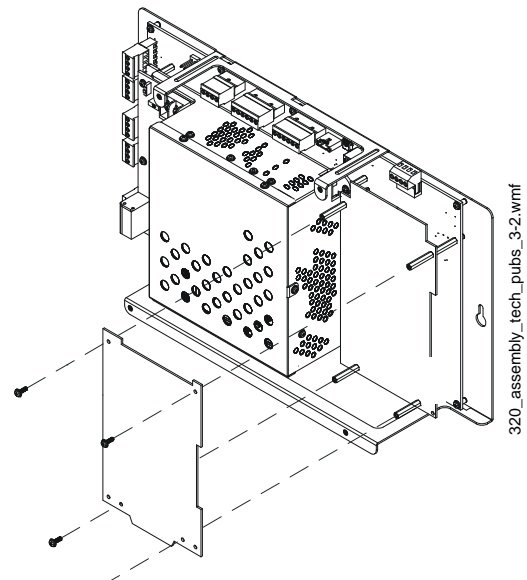


Figure 10 Installing Option Boards



CAUTION:

It is critical that all mounting holes of the NFS-320/E/C are secured with a screw or standoff to insure continuity of Earth Ground.



NOTE: It may be convenient to field-wire the SLC loop before installing any option boards, and to make wiring connections on the first option board before installing a second option board in front of it.

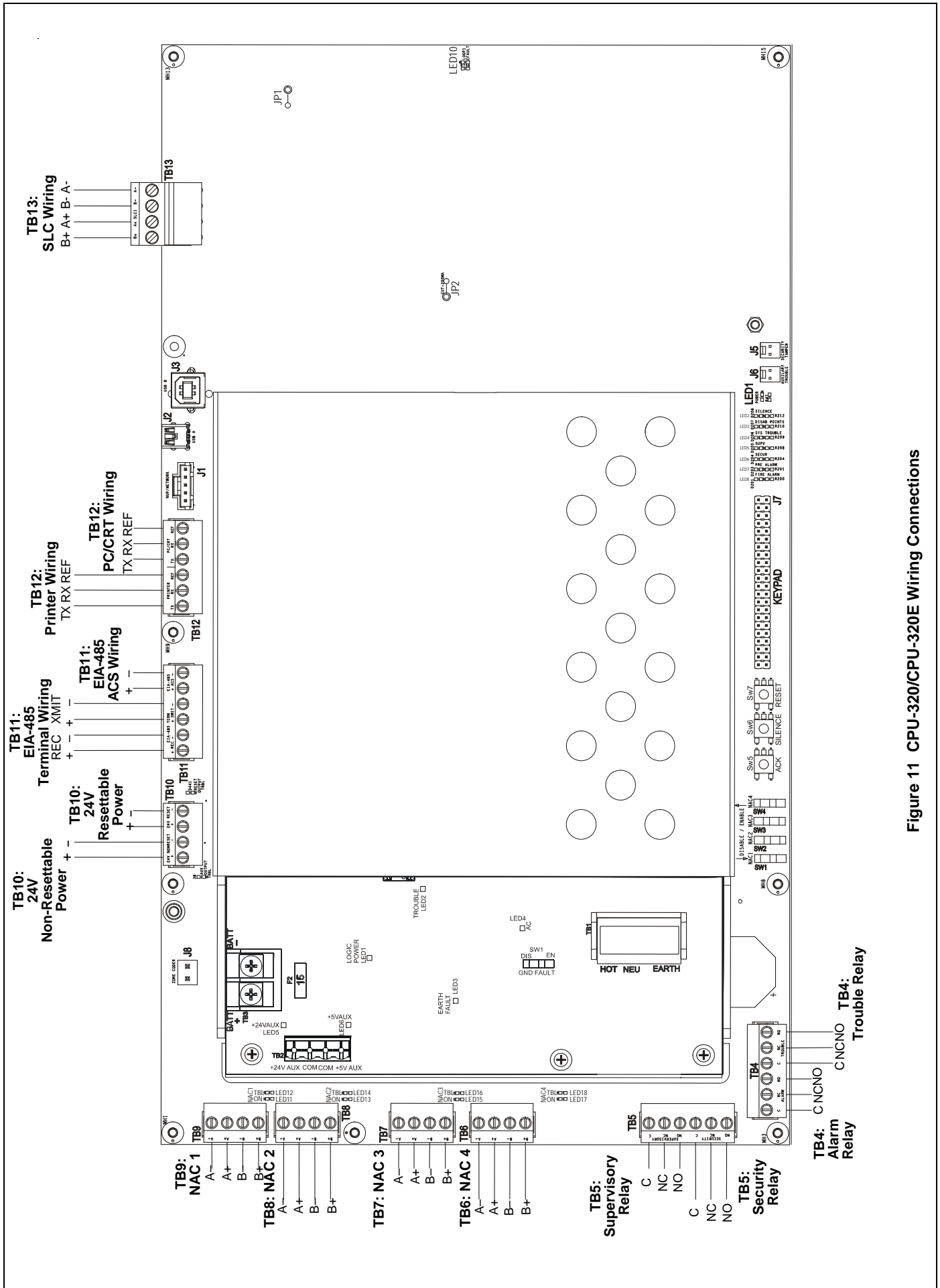


Figure 11 CPU-320/CPU-320E Wiring Connections

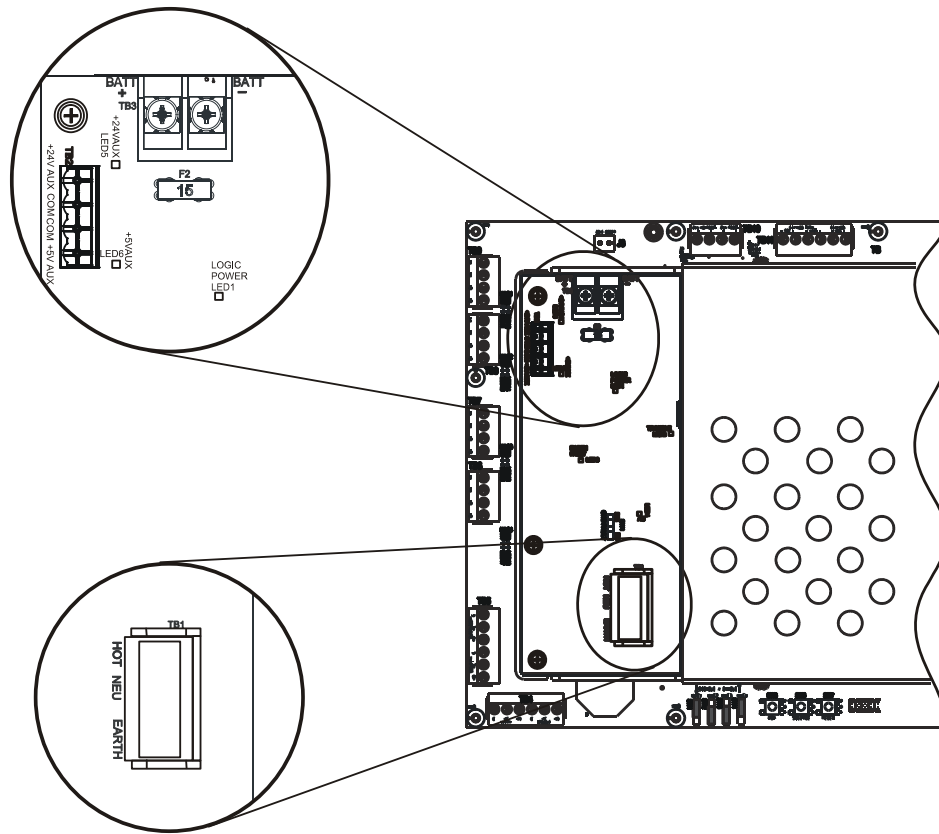


Figure 12 Power-Supply Wiring Connections

Terminal Block/Connector	Description	Specifications
TB1	AC Power	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Voltage and current: NFS-320(SYS): 120 VAC 5.0 A NFS-320E(SYSE): 240 VAC 2.5 A Frequency: 50/60 Hz Wiring size: Maximum 12 AWG (3.31 mm²) with 600 VAC insulation Supervised Nonpower-limited
TB2	Power Auxiliary Outputs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Voltage: 24 VDC power at 0.5A 5 VDC power at 0.15A (See Note 1 and 10) Power-limited (Class 2) Maximum Ripple: 176 mVrms Ground Fault Impedance: 0 ohms Supervised
TB3	Battery Connection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Voltage: 24 VDC Battery type: Sealed lead-acid Maximum Battery Capacity: 200 AH Non-power-limited Over-current protected Battery Charger Voltage: 27.6 VDC +/- 0.24 VDC Battery Charger Current: 2.0 A or 5.7 A (Software selectable) Supervised

Table 4 NFS-320/E Power Supply Wiring Connections (1 of 2)

Terminal Block/Connector	Description	Specifications
<p>Notes:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Total current drawn from the power supply by TB2, TB6 through TB9 and TB10 cannot exceed 3.0 A in standby or 6.0 A in an alarm condition. The Control Panel provides a total of 4.4 A of power in standby and 7.4 A of power in alarm to be shared by all internal circuitry and external provisions (24 V resettable and non-resettable). 2. NFPA 72 Local, Proprietary, and Central Station systems require 24 hours of standby power followed by 5 minutes in alarm. 3. NFPA 72 Auxiliary and Remote Station Systems require 24 hours of standby power followed by 5 minutes in alarm. 4. Batteries installed in a system powered by an automatic starting engine generator need to provide at least 4 hours of standby power. 5. Factory Mutual requires 90 hours of standby for deluge-preaction systems. 6. Emergency voice/alarm communications systems require 2 hours of operation in the alarm condition. Due to the sporadic nature of voice operation, however, NFPA 72 permits 15 minutes of operation at a maximum connected load to equal 2 hours of normal use. 7. If the total exceeds 26 AH, the system requires a separate NFS-LBB, BB-100 or BB-200 battery enclosure for two larger capacity batteries. 8. The following battery derating factors must be used for Canadian installations using NFS-320/E charger: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For a 26 AH battery, use derating factor of 1.5 • For a 55 AH battery, use derating factor of 1.8 • For a 100 AH battery, use derating factor of 2.5 • For a 200 AH battery, use derating factor of 2.5 • For 26 AH batteries: maximum standby current cannot exceed 0.65A; maximum alarm current cannot exceed 6.75A. 9. Internal Battery Charger on the CPS-24/E is rated for use with 18 AH to 200 AH batteries. 10. Accessories using the 5 VDC power connection must be located within 10 ft (3.658 m) of the FACP. 		

Table 4 NFS-320/E Power Supply Wiring Connections (2 of 2)

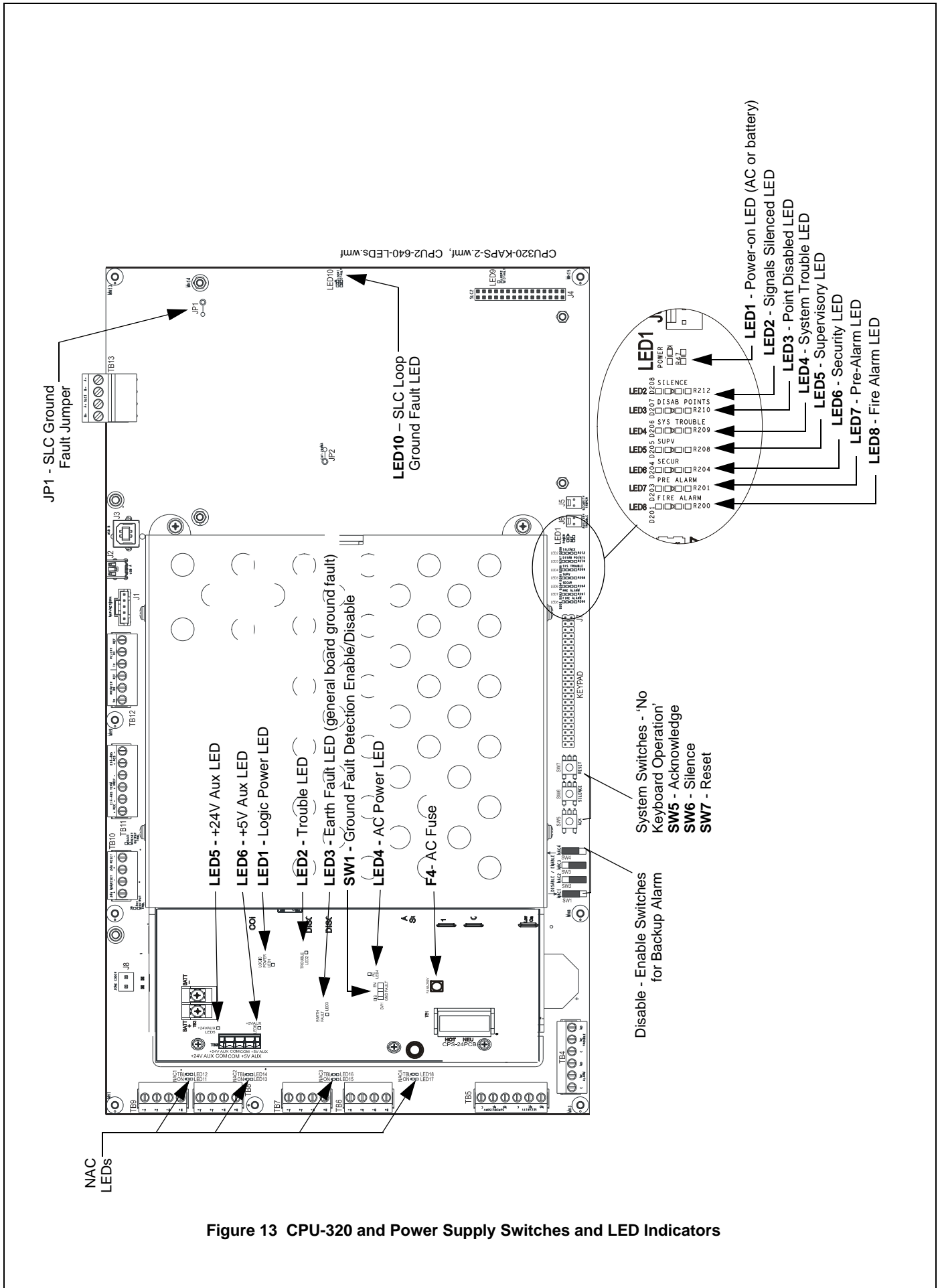


Figure 13 CPU-320 and Power Supply Switches and LED Indicators

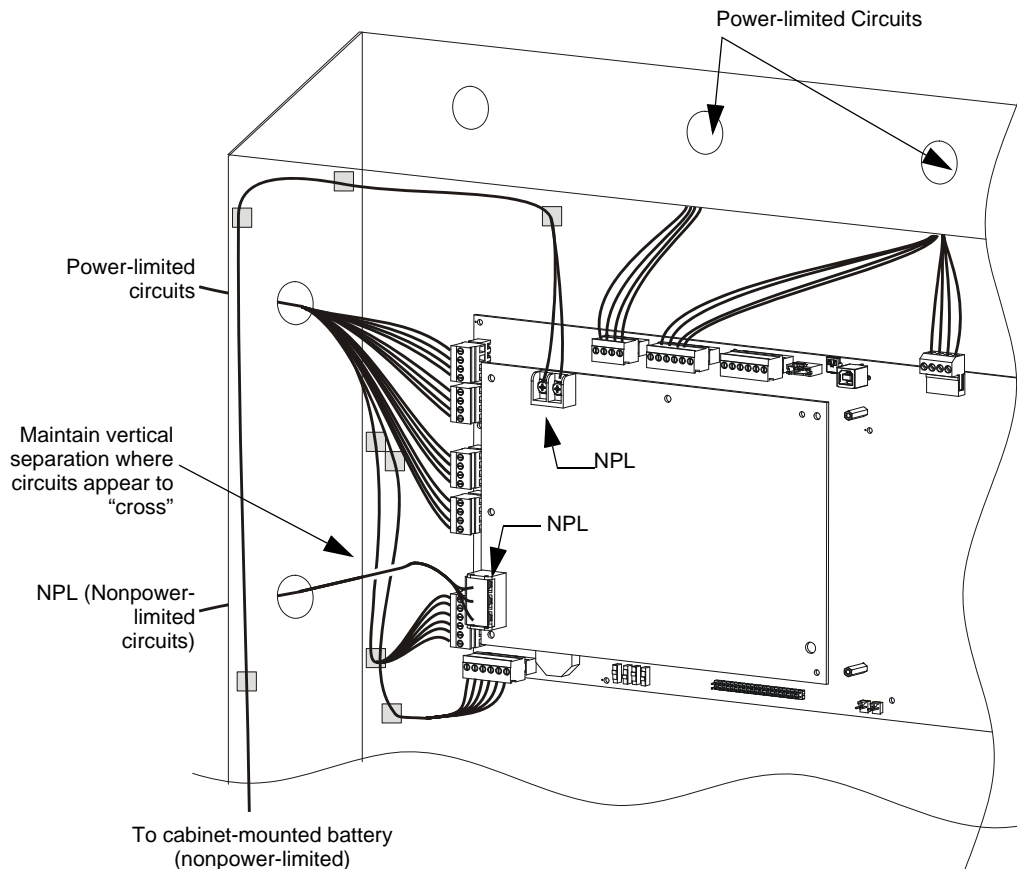
■ UL Power-limited Wiring Requirements

Power-limited (Class 2) and nonpower-limited circuit wiring must remain separated in the cabinet. All power-limited circuit wiring must remain at least 0.25 inches (6.35 mm) from any nonpower-limited circuit wiring. All power-limited and nonpower-limited circuit wiring must enter and exit the cabinet through different knockout and or conduits. To maintain separation, group non-power limited modules together, i.e., group modules on the same side of the enclosure or in separate rows.



NOTE: If additional knockouts are added to the backbox, proper separation of power-limited and non-power-limited wiring should be maintained.

Figure 14 shows one configuration that meets these UL requirements. Equipment is configured with at least a 0.25 inch (6.35 mm) separation between power-limited and nonpower-limited wiring; AC and battery wiring is routed away from power-limited wiring.



320-2-640-PWR-LMTWIR-ISO2.wmf

**Figure 14 Typical Wiring for UL Power-limited Wiring Requirements
(Shown with relays as connected to power-limited modules)**



NOTE: AC and battery wiring are not power-limited. Maintain at least 0.25 inches (6.35 mm) between power-limited and non power-limited circuit wiring. Install tie wraps and adhesive squares to secure the wiring. Use a power-limited source for relay output on terminals TB8 – TB11.

See Figure 11, "CPU-320/CPU-320E Wiring Connections" to identify power-limited and non-power-limited circuits.

NOTE: Drawing is not to scale; proportions and angles are exaggerated to show wire-placement more clearly.



NOTE: NFS-320/E/C is not approved for use in security applications in Canada.

To wire the cabinet with a Security Tamper Switch kit model STS-200 or STS-1, refer to Figure 15:

1. Install the STS-200 or STS-1 Tamper Switch into the location shown in 15. Push the switch through the opening until it snaps into place.
2. Connect the STS-200 or STS-1 connector to J5 (Security Tamper) on the Control Panel. (As shown in 15, J5 is located on the circuit board, underneath the edge of KDM-R2.)



NOTE: When installing a Security Tamper Switch, use the STS-200 for the NFS-320. For the NFS-320SYS, use the STS-1.

STS-200 or STS-1 mounting location

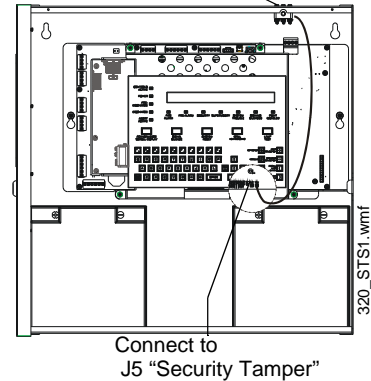


Figure 15 Installing the STS-200 or STS-1 Security Tamper Switch

For security applications, program one or more monitor modules (listed for security applications) with the SECURITY Type Code, and wire as shown in 16.

Figure 16 shows typical wiring for proprietary security alarm applications with FMM-1 modules. Note the following:

- The module is programmed with software SECURITY Type Code.
- For use with UL listed systems only; application not for ULC security usage.
- NAC devices used for security cannot be shared with fire NAC devices.
- Refer to the *Device Compatibility Document* for compatible NAC devices.
- All monitor modules used for security application must be installed in the NFS-320/E cabinet with STS-1 Security Tamper Switch or NFS-320SYS cabinet with STS-1 Security Tamper Switch.

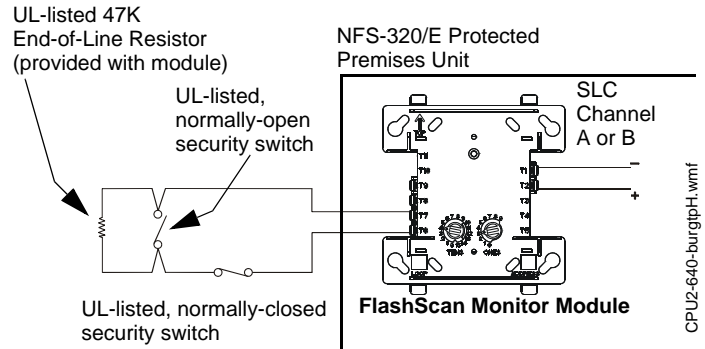


Figure 16 Wiring Diagram for Proprietary Security Alarm Applications

Figure 17 shows typical wiring for STAT-X devices using the Ematch Protection Device (P/N 3005014). Note the following:

- Each Stat-X device requires an Ematch Protection Device to protect against high-voltage transient signals, such as lightning, that may cause the device to accidentally release.
- Multiple Stat-X devices can be connected in series (as shown).
- No more than ten (10) Stat-X devices can be connected on a single releasing circuit.
- A REL-2.2K can be installed on a single Stat-X device for short circuit detection. For multiple Stat-X devices installed in series, the REL-2.2K is installed on the last device on the releasing circuit (as shown). A REL-2.2K is required for ULC applications.
- Stat-X devices are not to be used with the FCM-1 or FCM-1-REL.

In order to meet UL wiring requirements, please install grounding straps as shown below.

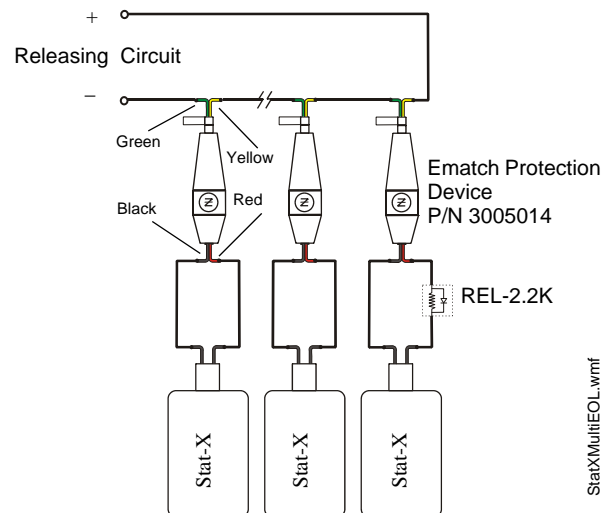
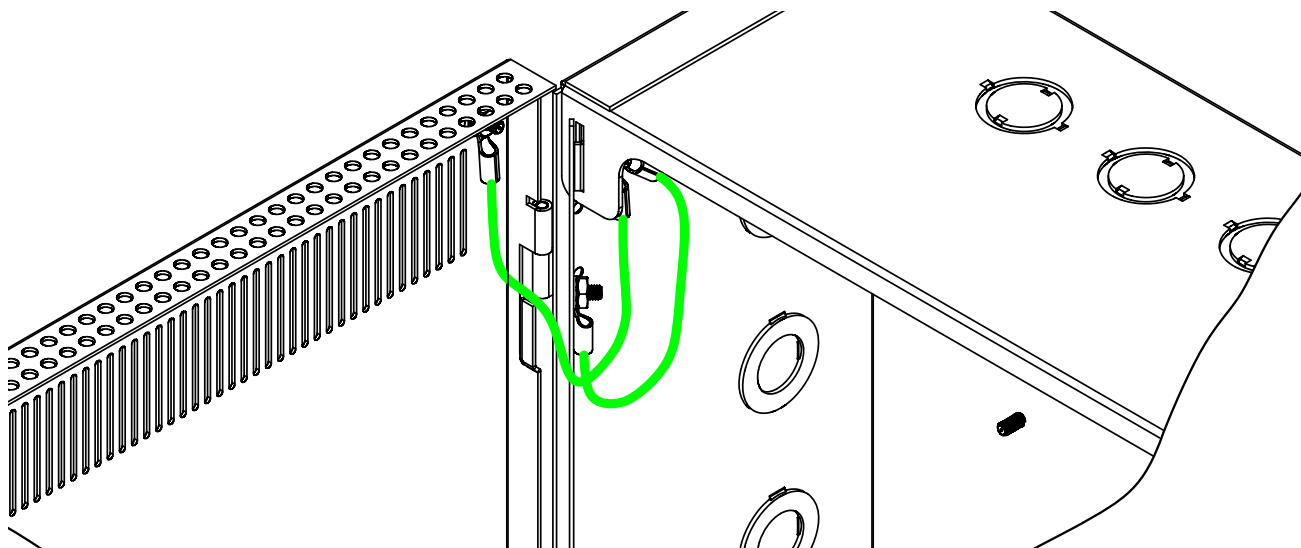


Figure 17 Wiring Diagram for Stat-X Devices



NOTE: In order to meet UL wiring requirements, please install grounding straps as shown above.

2 Operation

Following are the approved applications of the NFS-320:

- Local application
 - Emergency relocation (paging, live and pre-recorded)
 - Emergency communication (telephone)
- Protected premises unit
 - Auxiliary
 - Central station
 - Proprietary
 - Proprietary (Rec unit)
 - Remote station
- Communication transmission path
 - Coded
 - Non-coded
 - Reverse polarity
 - DACT, no line security
 - Other transmission technologies, no line security
- Marine application
- Releasing
 - Cross zone
 - NFPA 12, Carbon dioxide extinguishing systems
 - NFPA 12A, Halon 1301 fire extinguishing systems
 - NFPA 13, Sprinkler systems
 - NFPA 15, Water spray fixed systems for fire protection
 - NFPA 16, Foam-water sprinkler and foam-water spray systems
 - NFPA 17, Dry chemical extinguishing systems
 - NFPA 17A, Wet chemical extinguishing systems
 - NFPA 2001, Clean agent fire extinguishing systems
 - NFPA 2010, Standard for Fixed Aerosol Fire Extinguishing System
- Process Control, non-critical

- Fire Alarm Event (If other events exist and the panel is silenced, a fire alarm will resound the panel sounder)



NOTE: If multiple events exist in the system, the LCD, annunciators and optional CRT-2 will automatically display the last non-Acknowledged fire or MN Alarm (depending on priority). If all events have been acknowledged, the panel will step through each event every 3 seconds in the following order:

1. MNS/Fire Alarms (in order of address)
2. Supervisory (in order of address)
3. Troubles (in order of address)

- Initiating Device Activation

- Produces a steady audible tone
- Activates the System Alarm Relay (TB4)
- Flashes the FIRE ALARM LED (red)
- Displays a Type Code that indicates the type of device that activated the fire alarm
- Sends an Alarm message to LCD Display, remote annunciators, History buffer, installed printers and CRT-2s.
- Latches the control panel in alarm (Panel will not return to normal operation until a System Reset is completed)
- Initiates any Control-By-Event actions
- Starts timers (such as Silence Inhibit, Auto Silence)
- Activates the General Alarm zone (Z00) and sends the zone activation over the network (if applicable)
- Sends a Fire Alarm message to the proprietary receiver via the network, if applicable.
- Displays ALARM in the status banner on the LCD display, along with information specific to the device as shown below:

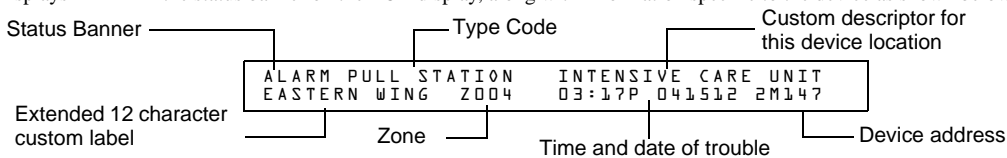


Figure 18 Sample Fire Alarm Message

-Responding to a fire alarm event:

To silence only the panel sounder:

Press the ACKNOWLEDGE/SCROLL display key to silence the panel sounder and switch the FIRE ALARM LED from flashing to steady. The fire panel will send an Acknowledge message to the remote annunciators, history buffer, installed printers, and CRT-2s.

To silence the panel sounder and any activated outputs that are programmed as silenceable:

Press the SIGNAL SILENCE key. The FIRE ALARM LED and SIGNALS SILENCED LED will light steady. The control panel sends a Signal Silenced message to the remote annunciators, history buffer, installed printers, and CRT-2s.

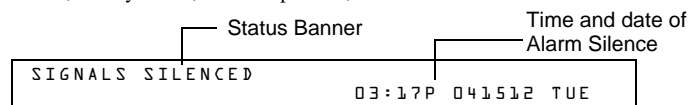


Figure 19 Sample Alarm Silence Message

1. Check the alarm message for the location and type of event.
2. Correct the condition that activated the Fire Alarm.
3. Press the SYSTEM RESET key to return the control panel to normal operation. A "System Normal" message is sent to the LCD display, remote annunciators, history buffer, installed printers, and CRT-2s.

- Mass Notification (MN) Event (If other events exist and the panel is silenced, a mass notification event will resound the panel sounder)



NOTE: An ACM-24AT or AEM-24AT LED point must be programmed as a dedicated visual indicator of an MN event.

- Mass Notification Alarm

- Produces a steady audible tone
- Does not flash any LEDs
- Displays a Type Code that indicates the type of device that activated the MN alarm
- Sends an MN Alarm message to LCD Display, remote annunciators, History buffer, installed printers and CRT-2s.
- Latches the control panel in MN alarm (Panel will not return to normal operation until a System Reset is completed)
- Initiates any Control-By-Event actions
- Activates Special Zone ZFD (Not applicable for FirstCommand applications)

Does not activate any alarm relays or devices programmed as Alarm Pending or General Pending
 Sends a MN Alarm message to the central control station via the network, if applicable.
 Displays MN ALM in the status banner on the LCD display, along with information specific to the device as shown below:

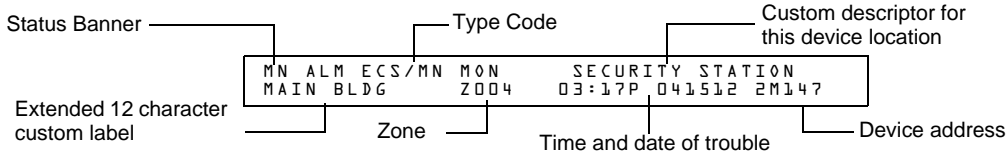


Figure 20 Sample MN Alarm Message

-Responding to an MN alarm event:

1. **To silence only the panel sounder:**
 Press the ACKNOWLEDGE/SCROLL DISPLAY key to silence the panel sounder. The fire panel will send an Acknowledge message to the remote annunciators, history buffer, installed printers, and CRT-2s. If multiple MN Alarms are present on the fire panel, the ACKNOWLEDGE/SCROLL DISPLAY key must be pressed for each alarm.
To silence the panel sounder and any activated outputs that are programmed as silenceable:
 Press the SIGNAL SILENCE key. The SIGNALS SILENCED LED will light steady. The control panel sends a Signal Silenced message to the remote annunciators, history buffer, installed printers, and CRT-2s. Check the alarm message for the location and type of event.
2. Correct the condition that activated the MN Alarm.
3. Press the SYSTEM RESET key to return the control panel to normal operation. A "System Normal" message is sent to the LCD display, remote annunciators, history buffer, installed printers, and CRT-2s.

- Mass Notification Supervisory (If no other events exist on the fire panel)

Produces a warbling audible tone
 Activates any supervisory relays and devices programmed as Supervisory Pending, General Supervisory and General Pending
 Flashes the SUPERVISORY LED (yellow)
 Activates Special Zone ZFE
 Sends a MN Supervisory message to the LCD display, remote annunciators, history buffer, installed printers, and CRT-2s.
 Sends a Supervisory message to the central control station via the network, if applicable.
 Displays a type code that indicates the type of MN supervisory alarm being generated
 Displays MN SUP in the status banner on the control panel, along with information specific to the device as shown below:

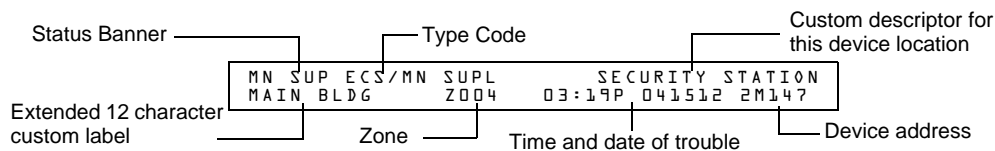


Figure 21 Sample MN Supervisory Alarm Message

-Responding to a MN Supervisory event:

1. Press the ACKNOWLEDGE/SCROLL DISPLAY key to silence the panel sounder and switch the SUPERVISORY LED from flashing to steady. An Acknowledge message is sent to the remote annunciators, history buffer, installed printers, and CRT-2s. Pressing the ACKNOWLEDGE/SCROLL DISPLAY key will acknowledge all MN supervisory events on the fire panel.
2. Correct the condition that activated the MN supervisory point.
3. For a Latching event, press the SYSTEM RESET key to return the control panel to normal operation.
 For a Non-Latching Event, the panel will return to normal operation once the supervisory condition is corrected,
 A "System Normal" message is sent to the LCD display, remote annunciators, history buffer, installed printers, and CRT-2s.

- Mass Notification Trouble (If no other events exist on the fire panel)

Produces a pulsed audible tone
 Activates any trouble relays and devices programmed as General Trouble, Trouble Pending, and General Pending
 Flashes the TROUBLE LED (yellow)
 Activates Special Zone ZFF
 Displays a Type Code that indicates the type of device with a trouble
 Sends a Trouble message to the LCD display, remote annunciators, history buffer, installed printers, and CRT-2s.
 Sends an Trouble message to the central control station via the network, if applicable.
 Displays MN TBL in the status banner on the control panel, along with information specific to the device as shown below:

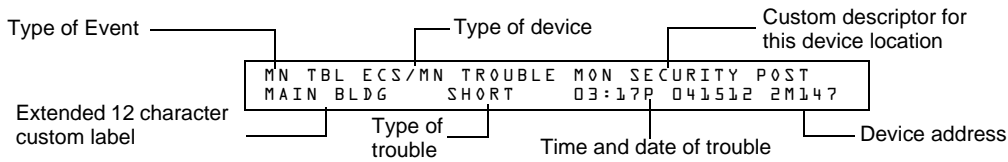


Figure 22 Sample MN Trouble Message

-Responding to an MN trouble event:

1. Press the ACKNOWLEDGE/SCROLL DISPLAY key to silence the panel sounder and switch the SYSTEM TROUBLE LED from flashing to steady. An Acknowledge message is sent to the remote annunciators, history buffer, installed printers, and CRT-2s. Pressing the ACKNOWLEDGE/SCROLL DISPLAY key will acknowledge all MN trouble events on the fire panel.
NOTE: Pressing the SIGNAL SILENCE key when only troubles exist will give the same result as pressing the ACKNOWLEDGE STEP/SCROLL DISPLAY key. The SIGNALS SILENCED LED does not light unless an alarm exists on the fire panel.
2. Check the trouble message for the location and type of trouble.
3. Correct the condition causing the trouble condition. If the trouble clears, the control panel sends a Clear Trouble message to the History Buffer and installed printers, annunciators and CRT-2s. (troubles will clear from the fire panel even if the trouble is not acknowledged.)
4. If no other events are present on the fire panel, a “System Normal” message is sent to the LCD display, remote annunciators, history buffer, installed printers, and CRT-2s and the fire panel returns to normal operation.

- Trouble Event (If a fire alarm exists and alarms are silenced, a trouble event will resound the panel sounder. The fire alarm message will remain displayed on the LCD display.)

- System Trouble (If no fire alarms exist on the fire panel)

- Produces a pulsed audible tone
- Activates the Trouble relay (TB4)
- Flashes the TROUBLE LED (yellow)
- Displays a Type Code that indicates the type of device with a trouble
- Displays TROUBL in the status banner on the control panel, along with information specific to the device
- Sends a Trouble message to the LCD display, remote annunciators, history buffer, installed printers, and CRT-2s.
- Sends a Trouble message to the proprietary receiver via the network, if applicable.

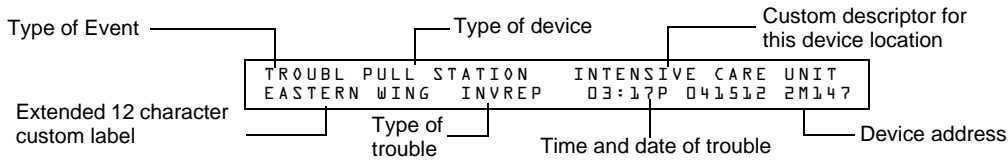


Figure 23 Sample Trouble Message

-Responding to a trouble event:

1. Press the ACKNOWLEDGE/SCROLL display key to silence the panel sounder and switch the SYSTEM TROUBLE LED from flashing to steady - regardless of the number of troubles, alarms, security, and supervisory signals. An Acknowledge message is sent to the remote annunciators, history buffer, installed printers, and CRT-2s.
NOTE: Pressing the SIGNAL SILENCE key when only troubles exist will give the same result as pressing the ACKNOWLEDGE STEP/SCROLL DISPLAY key. The SIGNALS SILENCED LED does not light unless an alarm exists on the fire panel.
2. Check the trouble message for the location and type of trouble.
3. Correct the condition causing the trouble condition. If the trouble clears, the control panel sends a Clear Trouble message to the History Buffer and installed printers, annunciators and CRT-2s. (troubles will clear from the fire panel even if the trouble is not acknowledged.)
4. If no other events are present on the fire panel, a “System Normal” message is sent to the LCD display, remote annunciators, history buffer, installed printers, and CRT-2s and the fire panel returns to normal operation.

- Security Event (If a fire alarm exists and alarms are silenced, a security alarm will resound the panel sounder)

- Proprietary Burglar Alarm Units and Systems

- Produces a warbling audible tone
- Turns on the Security relay (TB5)
- Flashes the SECURITY LED (blue)
- Displays a Type Code that indicates the type of security alarm being generated
- Displays ACTIVE in the status banner on the control panel, along with information specific to the device
- Sends a Security message to the LCD display, remote annunciators, history buffer, installed printers, and CRT-2s.
- Sends a Security message to the proprietary receiver via the network, if applicable.

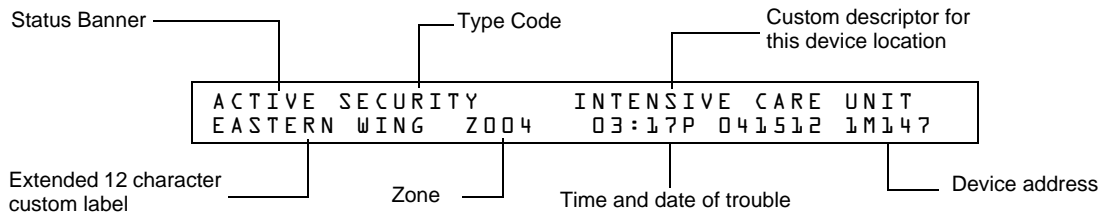


Figure 24 Sample Security Alarm Message

-Responding to a security event:

5. Press the ACKNOWLEDGE/SCROLL display key to silence the panel sounder and switch the SECURITY LED from flashing to steady. A Security message is sent to the remote annunciators, history buffer, installed printers, and CRT-2s.
6. Correct the condition that activated the Security point.
7. Press the SYSTEM RESET key to return the control panel to normal operation. A "System Normal" message is sent to the LCD display, remote annunciators, history buffer, installed printers, and CRT-2s.

- Supervisory Event (If a fire alarm exists and alarms are silenced, a supervisory alarm will resound the panel sounder)

- Module Type ID codes for latching and tracking. See programming section.

Produces a warbling audible tone

Turns on the Supervisory relay (TB5)

Flashes the SUPERVISORY LED (yellow)

Displays a type code that indicates the type of supervisory alarm being generated

Displays ACTIVE in the status banner on the control panel, along with information specific to the device

Sends a Supervisory message to the LCD display, remote annunciators, history buffer, installed printers, and CRT-2s.

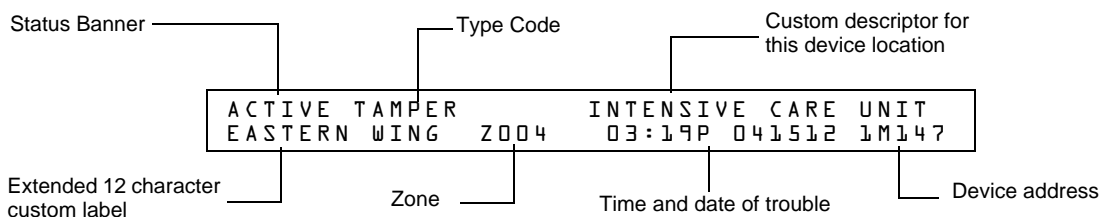


Figure 25 Sample Supervisory Message

-Responding to a Supervisory event:

1. Press the ACKNOWLEDGE/SCROLL DISPLAY key to silence the panel sounder and switch the SUPERVISORY LED from flashing to steady. A Supervisory message is sent to the remote annunciators, history buffer, installed printers, and CRT-2s.
2. Correct the condition that activated the supervisory point.
3. For a Latching event, press the SYSTEM RESET key to return the control panel to normal operation.
For a Non-Latching Event, the panel will return to normal operation once the supervisory condition is corrected, A "System Normal" message is sent to the LCD display, remote annunciators, history buffer, installed printers, and CRT-2s.

- CO Event (If a fire alarm exists and alarms are silenced, a CO event will resound the panel sounder)



NOTE: An ACM-24AT or AEM-24AT LED point must be programmed as a dedicated visual indicator of a CO event. This is not required for displayless systems.

- CO Device Activation

Produces a pulsed audible tone

Displays a the CO alarm event that indicated the type of device that activated the CO alarm

Displays ALARM in the status banner on the control panel, along with information specific to the device

Sends a CO alarm message to the LCD display, remote annunciators, history buffer, installed printers, and CRT-2s

Latches the control panel in CO alarm

Initiates any Control-By-Event actions

Activates Special Zone ZFC

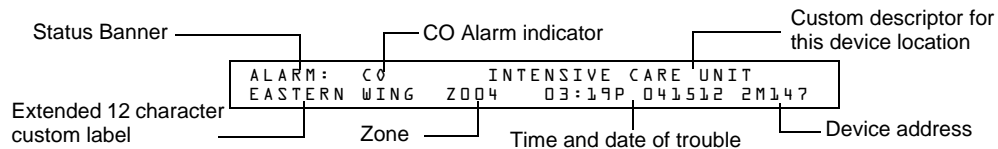


Figure 26 Sample CO Alarm Message

-Responding to a CO event:

1. To silence only the panel sounder:

Press the ACKNOWLEDGE/SCROLL DISPLAY key to silence the panel sounder. The fire panel will send an Acknowledge message to the remote annunciators, history buffer, installed printers, and CRT-2s.

To silence the panel sounder and any activated outputs that are programmed as silenceable:

Press the SIGNAL SILENCE key. The SIGNALS SILENCED LED will light steady. The control panel sends a Signal Silenced message to the remote annunciators, history buffer, installed printers, and CRT-2s. Check the alarm message for the location and type of event.

2. Correct the condition that activated the CO alarm.
3. Press the SYSTEM RESET key to return the control panel to normal operation.

A "System Normal" message is sent to the LCD display, remote annunciators, history buffer, installed printers, and CRT-2s.

- Emergency Signaling, Type SM
- Smoke Control
Smoke Movement

All fires produce smoke, and the movement of smoke will follow the same pattern as the overall air movement within a building, often flowing away from the fire to unwanted areas. A smoke control system must be able to inhibit the flow of smoke within a building. Elements that cause the movement of smoke include one or more of the following:

- Stack effect
- Buoyancy of the smoke
- Expansion
- Wind
- Elevator piston effect
- the HVAC system

Principles of Smoke Control

The smoke control system uses a building's ventilation system to exhaust the fire floor and pressurize surrounding floors. The three major considerations for smoke control are:

- Smoke containment
- Purging
- Door-opening forces

HVAC Equipment

For smoke control applications, HVAC systems must have the following capabilities:

- Supply outside air to a space
- Return air from a space
- Exhaust air from a space to the outside

The SCS/SCE

The SCS-8 Smoke Control Station and the SCE-8 Smoke Control Expander can be used in conjunction with this panel to provide smoke control capabilities.

The SCS-8L Smoke Control Lamp Driver and the optional SCE-8L are used with the smoke control system to provide graphic annunciation.

Dedicated/Non-dedicated Smoke Control System Wiring Diagrams

Figures 27 and 28 show wiring for a dedicated and non-dedicated smoke control system performing the same fan control functions. The difference between them is the lack of an Energy Management System in the Figure 27 diagram.

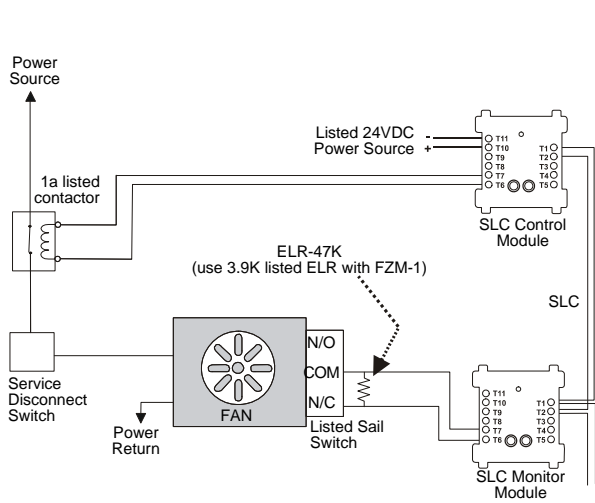


Figure 27 Dedicated Smoke Control System

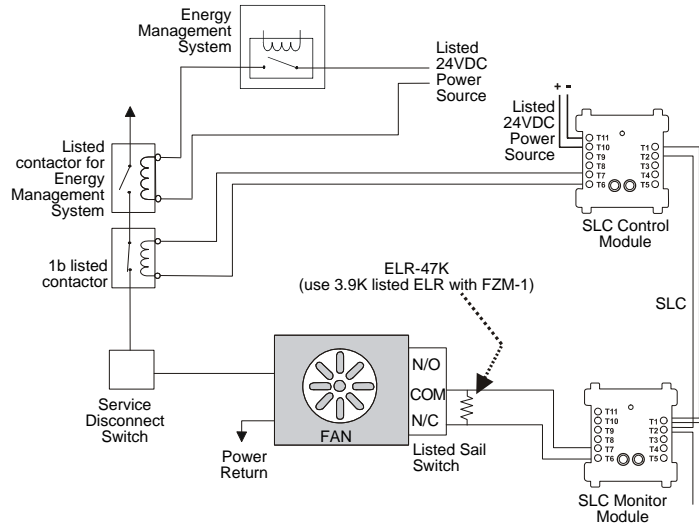


Figure 28 Non-Dedicated Smoke Control System

Refer to the SCS Series Manual, p/n 15712, for more detailed information on the Smoke Control System.

3 Functionality

The approved functions of the NFS-320 are listed below.

- Drift Compensation
- Remote Programming
- Extent/Limitations of Synchronization
 - No synchronization across networks
- Multiple Detector Operation
 - Units employing multiple detector operation shall include a minimum of two detectors in each protected space and reduce the detector installation spacing to 0.7 times the linear spacing in accordance with National Fire Alarm Code, NFPA.
- Positive Alarm Sequence
- Pre-signal
- Alarm Verification
- Two wire compatibility
 - One alarm per initiating device circuit.
- Polling Style Limitations
 - Polling style is FlashScan or CLIP (Classic Loop Protocol).
 - Options:
 1. All detectors and modules on an SLC may be programmed as FlashScan. All detectors and modules must be FlashScan type devices. Maximum number of devices per SLC: 159 detectors, 159 modules.
 2. All detectors and modules on an SLC may be programmed as CLIP. Detectors and modules may be a mix of CLIP and FlashScan type devices, but all must be programmed as CLIP. Maximum number of devices per SLC: 99 detectors, 99 modules.
 3. All detectors may be programmed as CLIP, all modules as FlashScan, on an SLC. Detectors may be a mix of CLIP and FlashScan type devices, modules must all be FlashScan type devices. Maximum number of devices per SLC: 99 CLIP detectors, 159 FlashScan modules.
- Manual release /abort switch interaction



NOTE: An abort switch can only be associated with one releasing zone.

- Activation of a Manual Release Switch will override Predischarge Delay and override an active Abort Release Switch, resulting in an immediate agent release.
- NAC Reactivation
- Primary power source failure indication
- DAC Communication Format
 - SIA
 - Contact ID
 - 4 + 2 Standard
 - 4 + 1
 - 3 + 1
 - 4 + 1 Ademco Express
 - 4 + 2 Ademco Express
- Interconnected control panels
 - Alarm, supervisory, and trouble conditions, as well as reset, alarm silence, or trouble silence actuation originating at this panel are annunciated at this panel. All interconnected panels must also connect to a network annunciator to display these conditions.
- Walk test
- Integrated/network local functionality
- Circuit disables
- Mapping
- Detection/alarm algorithms
- Day/night sensitivity
- Detection sensitivity adjustment
- Mass Notification Systems
- Extent/limitations of combination system
 - Priority of signals
- Canadian Applications
 - Standalone Applications:
 - KDM-R2 as primary display: An ACS Series annunciator must be mounted adjacent to the fire panel or within the fire panel enclosure

- NCA-2 as primary display: The 640 character, multi-line display complies with ULC requirements when used as a primary display for the fire panel
- Two-Stage Systems (3/5 minute timer) - ACM-24AT control point is required for Automatic Alarm Signal Cancel. Acknowledge will not cancel the Two-Stage Timer. For applications using Two-Stage with the ACPS-610, see the ACPS-610 manual for additional programming instructions.

Network Applications:

- The network's Manual Controls may only be operated from one location at any given time. When panels are networked (using NCM Network Communications Modules or High-Speed Network Communications Modules), use AKS-1B Key Switch on each panel's Primary Annunciator to enable its functions. NCA-2 may be a Primary Annunciator when AKS-1B is installed.
- The NCA-2, or ONYXWorks may be employed as a Display and Control Center. In the event that communication fails between the panels and the Control Center, the panels will continue to function in local/standalone mode.
- Automatic Alarm Signal Silence:
 - For a system requiring annunciators, consult the Authority Having Jurisdiction.
 - Auto Silence:
 - If auto silence is enabled
 - The value must be set to 20 minutes
 - An ACS point is required to monitor special function zone ZF40
 - Activation of Auto Silence will activate the Signal Silence LED on the fire panel display and any ACM LED point programmed for Auto Silence.

Annunciator Applications:

- ACM series annunciator modules must be used to annunciate the fire alarm input points/zones only, if no multi-line sequential display is installed.
- The following LED colors must be employed:
 - Red must be used to indicate active alarm inputs.
 - Yellow must be used to indicate supervisory, burglary, trouble signals, and Automatic Alarm Signal Cancel.
- Green must be used to indicate the presence of power or an activated output.
- The ACM point designated for Automatic Alarm Signal Cancel should be labeled as "Automatic Alarm Signal Cancel" or "Auto Alm Signal Cancel."
- If the DCC option is enabled, an ACS control point is required to monitor (request control) ZF36 for the panel, as well as an ACS monitor point for each DCC on the network.

Ancillary Devices

- Panel control functions (Acknowledge, Signal Silence, System Reset, and Drill will not function on ancillary devices such as the ACM-24AT, FDU-80 or the LCD2-80. (Local acknowledge will function on the ancillary device to silence the piezo and steady the LEDs).

Releasing Devices:

- Supervision for shorts is required; use REL devices and type code REL CKT ULC. (With on-board NACs, use REL-2.2K; with FCM-1 modules use REL-47K)

4 Programming Options

Menu Hierarchy

From the "SYSTEM NORMAL" screen: Press ENTER, press **1**.
Enter a password, then press ENTER

```
1=PROGRAMMING          2=READ STATUS ENTRY
(Escape to Abort)
```

```
ENTER PROG OR STAT PASSWORD, THEN ENTER.
(Escape to Abort)
```

Enter password here
Program Change Level Default = 00000
Status Change Level Default = 11111



NOTE: For additional information and settings for programming options, refer to Table 6.

NOTE: During a local or network Walk Test, activating a Mass Notification device will activate associated special function zones according to CBE programming and simulate a Mass Notification event. Any network nodes, zones, or devices not participating in Walk Test will not participate in the simulated Mass Notification event.

Programming Level: Program Change

1 = PROGRAMMING

Program Change (High Level)

1 = BASIC PROGRAM

- 0 = CLR (Clear Program)
- 1 = AUTO (Autoprogram)
- 2 = POINT (Point Program)
 - 1 = MODIFY POINT
 - 2 = DELETE POINT
- 3 = PASSWD (Password)
 - * = PROGRAM (Program Password Level)
 - # = STATUS (Status Password Level)
- 4 = MESSAGE (All Systems Normal Message)
- 5 = ZONES (Zone Programming)
- 6 = SPL FUNCT (Special Function)
 - F0 = PRESIG (Presignal Delay/PAS)
 - R0-R9 = REL (Releasing Zones)
 - F5-F6 = TIME (Time Function)
 - F7 = HOL (Holiday)
 - F8 = CODE (Coding Function)
 - F9 = PRE-ALARM

7 = SYSTEM (System Programming)

- SIL INH (Silence Inhibit)
- AUTO (Auto Silence Timer)
- VERIFY (Alarm Verification)
- USA TIME
- TERM (Terminal Supervision)
- AC DLY (AC Delay)
- LocT (Terminal Location)
- BLINK (Device Blink)
- ST (SLC Wiring Style)
- ACS (Annunciator Programming)

8 = CHECK PRG (Check Programming)

2 = NETWORK (Network Programming)

- THRESHOLD CH. A
- THRESHOLD CH. B
- NODE (Network Node Number)
- STYLE (Network Wiring Style)

3 = UTILITY (Utility Programming)

- REGION
- TBL. REMIND (Trouble Reminder)
- ALA. SCROLL (Alarm Scroll)
- LOCAL CONTROL
- IP-ACCESS
- DCC MODE (Display and Control Center)

4 = FLASHSCAN POLL

- L1DET (Loop 1 Detectors)
- L1MOD (Loop 1 Modules)

Status Change (Low Level)

- 1 = DISABL (Disable/Enable Point)
- 2 = SENSITIV (Detector Sensitivity)
- 3 = CLR VER (Clear Alarm Verification Counters)
- 4 = CLR HIST (Clear History Buffer)
- 5 = TIME (Set System Time and Date)
- 6 = WALK TEST

1=BASIC PROGRAM	2=NETWORK
3=UTILITY	4=FLASHSCAN POLL

Choose one of the Program Change selections: 1, 2, 3 or 4

1 Basic Program options

0=CLR 1=AUTO 2=POINT 3=PASSWD 4=MESSAGE
5=ZONES 6=SPL FUNCT 7=SYSTEM 8=CHECK PRG

2 Network Program options

THRESHOLD CH.A:H, THRESHOLD CH.B:H
NODE: .000, STYLE7:Y, <ENTER>

3 Utility Program options

REGION=0 TBL.REMIND=2 ALA.SCROLL=N
LOCAL CONTROL=0

4 FlashScan Poll options

FLASHSCAN L1DET L1MOD
N Y

Special Zone	Lets you
F0=PRESIG	Select a Presignal Delay Timer and select PAS (Positive Alarm Sequence)
F5-F6=TIME	Specify Time Control functions such as the start time, stop time, or days of the week
F7=HOL	Specify up to nine holiday dates. An F7-programmed device activates on the specified holiday dates
F8=CODE	Specify one of the following coding function selections: March Time, Temporal, California, Two-Stage, Two-Stage Canada (3 minute or 5 minute), Two-Stage Canada Manual, System Sensor Strobes, Gentex Strobes, or Wheelock Strobes. F8 only takes effect if you program one or more NACs to F8
F9=PRE-ALARM	Select a Pre-Alarm level: Alert or Action
FA† (ZF10*)	Turn on when detector in verification mode. This is a fixed point and is not programmable
FB† (ZF16*)	Turn on if custom drill set to Y and the panel in Drill mode (Alarm Signal in Canadian applications).
FC† (ZF18*)	Turn on when a CO alarm occurs.
FD† (ZF20*)	Turn on when a Mass Notification Alarm occurs (Does not apply for FirstCommand applications)
FE† (ZF21*)	Turn on when a Mass Notification Supervisory occurs
FF† (ZF22*)	Turn on when a Mass Notification Trouble occurs
ZF36*	If the local control active LED is on, this special zone will activate
ZF37*	Automatic Alarm Signal Activation Timer will turn on when the first alert stage has been entered.
ZF38*	Turns on when the panel enters the second (evacuation) stage.
ZF39**	Automatic Alarm Signal Timer canceled. Can only be canceled if there is an ACS button mapped to this zone.
ZF40*	Auto Silence Activation. ZF40 will activate when the auto silence timer has expired and silenceable outputs on the fire panel have been silenced as a result. ZF40 will remain active until a system reset, resound, or drill (alarm signal for Canadian applications) is performed.
R0-R9=REL	Program up to ten Releasing Zones, each with a selection for a Delay Timer, an Abort Switch, a Cross Zone selection, or a Soak Timer

* VeriFire Tools settings
† Not field programmable. Used for CBE programming only.
** Required for stand alone application

Summary of Special Function Zones

2 = Read Status

READ

- 0 = POINT
- 2 = HIST (History)
- 4 = ALARM HIST (Alarm History)

1=PROGRAMMING (ESCAPE TO ABORT)	2=READ STATUS ENTRY
READ POINT=0 HIST=2 ALARM HIST=4 <ENTER>	PRNT POINT=1 HIST=3 ALARM HIST=5 <ENTER>

PRNT (Print)

- 1 = POINT
- 3 = HIST (History)
- 5 = ALARM HIST (Alarm History)

Notice to Users, Installers, Authorities Having Jurisdiction and Other Involved Parties:

This product incorporates field-programmable software. In order for the product to comply with the requirements in the Standard for Control Units and Accessories for Fire Alarm Systems, UL 864, ULC 527-11, certain programming features or options must be limited to specific values or not used at all as indicated in Table 5 below.

This product incorporates field-programmable software. In order for the product to comply with the requirements in the Standard for Control Units and Accessories for Fire Alarm Systems, UL 864, certain programming features or options must be limited to specific values or not used at all as indicated below.

Program Feature or Option	Permitted in UL 864? (Y/N)	Permitted in ULC 527-11? (Y/N)	Possible Settings	Settings Permitted in UL 864	Permitted in ULC 527-11?
IP downloads over a local area network (LAN) or the internet (WAN - Wide Area Network)	No	No	Yes No Timed	No	No
Releasing: Abort Switch	Yes	Yes	NYC AHJ ULI IRI	ULI IRI	ULI IRI
For Wireless Applications: Trouble Resound	Yes	Yes	4 hours, 24 hours	4 hours	4 hours
Detector Programming: Supervisory Type Codes	Yes	Yes	SUP L(DUCTI) SUP T(DUCTI) SUP T(DUCTP) SUP L(DUCTP) SUP L(ION) SUP T(ION) SUP L(PHOTO) SUP T(PHOTO) SUP L(LASER) SUP T(LASER) PHOTO/CO (P SUP)	SUP L(DUCTI) SUP T(DUCTI) SUP L(DUCTP) SUP T(DUCTP)	SUP L(DUCTI) SUP T(DUCTI) SUP L(DUCTP) SUP T(DUCTP)
ALA.SCROLL (Scroll Display)	No	No	Y N	N	N
TBL.REMIND	Yes	Yes	*, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	2	2
REGION	No	Yes	0 No special setting 1 China 2 Canada	0 (No special setting)	Canada
Alarm Verification Time	Yes	Yes	0 to 240 seconds	0 to 60 seconds	0 to 60 seconds

Table 5 Programming Features with Settings Requiring AHJ Approval



NOTE: When programming points, take the following into design consideration:
 Each general zone must be dedicated to a single event type (i.e. Fire, MN, Security, etc.)
 Map inputs only to general zones designated for the input's event type. For example, map mass notification devices to general zones designated for mass notification.
 Outputs can be mapped to multiple general zones that are dedicated to different event types. For instance, a single output can be mapped to an MN general zone and a Fire general zone.

Topic	Feature or Option	Permitted in UL? Y/N	Permitted in ULC 527-11? Y/N	Possible Settings	Permitted in UL864? Y/N	Settings Permitted	Permitted in ULC 527-11? Y/N	Settings Permitted
Clear memory	Removes all programming information from control panel memory.	Y	Y	clear memory	Y		Y	

Table 6 Programming Options (1 of 7)

Topic	Feature or Option	Permitted in UL? Y/N	Permitted in ULC 527-11? Y/N	Possible Settings	Permitted in UL864? Y/N	Settings Permitted	Permitted in ULC 527-11? Y/N	Settings Permitted
Autoprogram	Autoprograms addressable devices.	Y	Y	autoprogram	Y		Y	
Program points	Modify or delete points	Y	Y	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> modify a point delete a point 	Y		Y	
Program points	Modify a point	Y	Y	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> addressable detector point addressable monitor module addressable control module NAC 	Y		Y	
Modify addressable detector point	Type code	Y	Y	Type Code (Selections in Table 9, "Intelligent Detector Type Codes")	N	Only the following supervisory type codes (type codes that begin with "SUP") are permitted in UL864: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SUP L(DUCTI) SUP T(DUCTI) SUP L(DUCTP) SUP T(DUCTP) 	N	Only the following supervisory type codes (type codes that begin with "SUP") are permitted in ULC 527-11: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SUP L(DUCTI) SUP T(DUCTI) SUP L(DUCTP) SUP T(DUCTP)
	Custom and extended label	Y	Y	32 text spaces for labeling	Y		Y	
	CBE list	Y	Y	List up to 5 zones	Y		Y	
	Alarm sensitivity level	Y	Y	Select an alarm sensitivity level (Selections in Table 8, "Detector Sensitivity (in percent obscuration per foot)")	Y		Y	
	Pre-alarm sensitivity level	Y	Y	Select a pre-alarm sensitivity level (Selections in Table 8, "Detector Sensitivity (in percent obscuration per foot)")	Y		Y	
	Cooperative Multi-detector mode	Y	Y	Select mode	Y		Y	
	Alarm Verification	Y	Y	Select alarm verification	Y		Y	
	Intelligent Sounder	Y	Y	Select if intelligent sounder base present	Y		Y	
FlashScan Type	Y	Y	Select the applicable FlashScan device type	Y		Y		
Modify addressable monitor module point	Type code	Y	Y	Type Code (Selections in Table 10, "Type Codes for Monitor Modules")	Y		Y	
	Custom and extended label	Y	Y	32 text spaces for labeling	Y		Y	
	CBE list	Y	Y	List up to 5 zones	Y		Y	
	FlashScan Type	Y	Y	Select the applicable FlashScan device type	Y		Y	

Table 6 Programming Options (2 of 7)

Topic	Feature or Option	Permitted in UL? Y/N	Permitted in ULC 527-11? Y/N	Possible Settings	Permitted in UL864? Y/N	Settings Permitted	Permitted in ULC 527-11? Y/N	Settings Permitted
Modify addressable control module point	Type code	Y	Y	Type Code (Selections in Table 11, "Control Module Type Codes")	Y		Y	
	Custom and extended label	Y	Y	32 text spaces for labeling	Y		Y	
	CBE list	Y	Y	List up to 5 zones	Y		Y	
	Switch Inhibit	Y	Y	Enable or disable Switch Inhibit	Y		Y	
	Silenceable	Y	Y	Choose not silenceable, or resound options	Y		Y	
	FlashScan Type	Y	Y	Select the applicable FlashScan device type	Y		Y	
	Walk Test	Y	Y	Specify whether outputs sound or not during Walk Test	Y		Y	
Modify NAC point	Type code	Y	Y	Type Code (Selections in Table 12, "NAC Type Codes")	Y		Y	
	Custom and extended label	Y	Y	32 text spaces for labeling	Y		Y	
	CBE list	Y	Y	List up to 5 zones	Y		Y	
	Switch Inhibit	Y	Y	Enable or disable Switch Inhibit	Y		Y	
	Silenceable	Y	Y	Choose not silenceable, or resound options	Y		Y	
	Walk Test	Y	Y	Specify whether outputs sound or not during Walk Test	Y		Y	
Delete point	Delete a detector, monitor module, control module, or NAC point.	Y	Y	Address of device being deleted.	Y		Y	
Password	Change password	Y	Y	Enter a program or status change password.	Y		Y	
Custom System Message	Create a system message	Y	Y	40-character space for system message.	Y		Y	
Custom Zone Label	Create a zone label	Y	Y	Create 20-character labels for up to 99 zones.	Y		Y	

Table 6 Programming Options (3 of 7)

Topic	Feature or Option	Permitted in UL? Y/N	Permitted in ULC 527-11? Y/N	Possible Settings	Permitted in UL864? Y/N	Settings Permitted	Permitted in ULC 527-11? Y/N	Settings Permitted
Special Zones	Presignal Delay/PAS	Y	N	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Presignal Delay - 60-180-seconds • PAS (Positive alarm sequence) - 15 seconds 	Y		N	
	Time Control Functions	Y	Y	Start time, end time, days of week, holiday, for output activations	Y		Y	
	Holidays for output activation	Y	Y	Enter up to 9 holiday dates excluded from Time Control activation	Y		Y	
	Coding Functions for NACs	Y	Y	March time, Temporal, California, Two-Stage, Two-Stage Canada 3, Two-Stage Canada 5, Two-Stage Canada Manual, System Sensor, Gentex strobes, Wheelock strobes.	Y		Y	
	Pre-alarm level	Y	Y	Set Alert or Action Level	Y		Y	
	Releasing zones	Y	Y	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Delay Timer (1-60 seconds, or 00 = no delay).* • Abort Switch (ULI, IRI, NYC,AHJ) • Cross Zone (N = not used, Y =two or more detectors in alarm and mapped to one of the releasing zones, Z = two or more detectors in alarm and mapped to two different software zones and mapped to one of the releasing zones, H = One of the releasing zones has at least one smoke detector and one heat detector in alarm. • Soak Timer (0000 = not used, or delay time of 0001-9999 seconds)* <p>*Note that the FCM-REL1 has inherent 2-second delay, which must be factored into the Delay Time and Soak Time.</p>	Y	Only the following Abort Switch types are permitted in UL864: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ULI • IRI 	Y	Only the following Abort Switch types are permitted in ULC 527-11 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ULI • IRI
	Fixed value activation selections	Y	Y	Turn output on/off for system trouble (not AC power loss), AC power loss, Drill Mode, CO alarm, Security input activation, or Supervisory input activation. (fixed value, not programmable)	Y		Y	

Table 6 Programming Options (4 of 7)

Topic	Feature or Option	Permitted in UL? Y/N	Permitted in ULC 527-11? Y/N	Possible Settings	Permitted in UL864? Y/N	Settings Permitted	Permitted in ULC 527-11? Y/N	Settings Permitted
Global System Functions	Silence Inhibit Timer	Y	Y	Silence Inhibit Timer (0 - 300 seconds)	Y		Y	
	Auto Silence Timer	Y	Y	0 (none), or 600 - 1200 seconds	Y		Y	
	Alarm Verification Timer	Y	Y	0 - 240 seconds. Can not exceed 30 seconds for ULC installations. Can not exceed 60 seconds for UL 864.	Y		Y	
	Set Time	Y	Y	USA or European	Y		Y	
	Terminal Supervision (of TB 11)	Y	Y	Supervision, No supervision	Y		Y	
	AC Delay reporting.	Y	Y	AC Delay (delays loss of AC reporting for 3 hours), or No AC Delay. • The onboard trouble relay will activate (TB4 on the NFS-320 CPU) and TM-4s will report according to this setting. UDACT/ UDACT-2s are notified immediately of AC failure y the panel, regardless of the delay setting. Once the UDACT/ UDACT-2 receives notification, it operates according to its own programmed AC Fail Delay reporting schedule. • ACPS-610 and ACPS-2406 power supplies must be set to an AC Delay value of 0 when used with this panel.	Y		Y	
	PC/Terminal connection operating modes	Y	Y	Terminal connected to control panel and located in same room (LocT), Terminal connected to control panel and located in same room and requiring password (LocM) or Terminal connected through a modem for Read Status only (RemT).	Y		Y	
	LED Blink Rate	Y	Y	for addressable SLC devices, FlashScan modules only: No blink (00), blink every pol (01), blink every 2nd poll (02)....., up to blink every 16th poll (16). FlashScan only.	Y		Y	
NFPA wiring style, SLC	Y	Y	Style 4 or Style 6	Y		Y		
Annunciators programming	Y	Y	Use ACS groups (Y), or program individually (N).	Y		Y		
Annunciators	Program annunciator options	Y	Y	Groups A-O. Individual annunciator programming available through VeriFire Tools. Refer to Table 7 for group descriptions. UDACT settings: 2 = UDACT installed with Detector Maintenance Reporting. UDACT-2 does not support this option 1 = UDACT/UDACT-2 installed. Addresses A20-A32 available with UDACT (software release #UDACT02.1 or higher) and UDACT-2. 0 = UDACT/UDACT-2 not installed.	Y		Y	
Logic Equations	Logic Equations	Y	Y	Build logic equations for CBE (control by event) activations	Y		Y	
Finding errors	Check program for certain errors	Y	Y	Select CHECK PRG	Y		Y	
Network	Program network parameters	Y	Y	Channel thresholds (High or Low for each channel), node number, NFPA style (Style 4 or Style 7)	Y		Y	

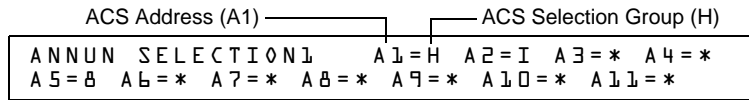
Table 6 Programming Options (5 of 7)

Topic	Feature or Option	Permitted in UL? Y/N	Permitted in ULC 527-11? Y/N	Possible Settings	Permitted in UL864? Y/N	Settings Permitted	Permitted in ULC 527-11? Y/N	Settings Permitted
Utility Options	Region	Y	Y	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 = No special setting 1 = China 2 = Canada 	Y	Only the following setting is permitted in UL864: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 	Y	Only the following setting is permitted in ULC 527-11: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0
	Trouble Reminder	Y	Y	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * = no trouble reminder 1 = sound a short trouble reminder tone every minute 2 = resound a trouble tone every 24 hours at 11:00 am, and send a reminder every 60 seconds for acknowledged events 3 = display a detector while in the alarm verification mode and no trouble reminder 4 = once a minute trouble reminder with alarm verification display 5 = trouble reminder resound every 24 hours at 11:00 am with alarm verification display, and send a reminder every 60 seconds for acknowledged troubles 	Y	Only the following setting is permitted in UL864: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2 	Y	Only the following setting is permitted in ULC 527-11: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2
	Alarm Scroll	Y	Y	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Y = each alarm displayed for approximately two seconds, and acknowledge all alarms with a single acknowledgement N = only the first alarm and the alarm count are displayed, and acknowledge each alarm singly, point by point. 	N	Only the following setting is permitted in UL864: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> N 	N	Only the following setting is permitted in ULC 527-11: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> N
	Local Control	Y	Y	Disable or enable local control, or enable partial local control (Acknowledge and System Reset only, Chicago requirement)	Y		Y	
	IP Access	N	N	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 = Disable IP access 1 = Enable IP access 2 = Enable IP access for 2 hours 	N	0 - disable IP access	N	0 - disable IP access
	DCC (Display and Control Center) Mode	Y	Y	Enable or disable DCC participation NOTE: For Mass Notification Applications, DCC participation should be disabled.	Y		Y	
	ACS Terminal Mode	Y	Y	7 bits or 8 bits	Y		Y	
	Battery size	Y	Y	≤ 26 AH, > 26 AH	Y		Y	
Enable Power Supply Charger	Y	Y	Select to disable	Y		Y		
Polling	Set polling protocol for modules and detectors on SLC	Y	Y	FlashScan or CLIP (Classic Loop Interface Protocol)	Y		Y	
Baud rate for EIA-232 printer serial port	Set baud rate for printer serial port	Y	Y	2400B, 4800B, or 9600B	Y		Y	
CRT Serial Port	Enable CRT serial port at baud rate of 9600.	Y	Y	NOCRT, CRT96	Y		Y	
Disable/Enable	Disable/Enable programmed points for detectors, modules, zones and NACs.	Y	Y	Select point type	Y		Y	

Table 6 Programming Options (6 of 7)

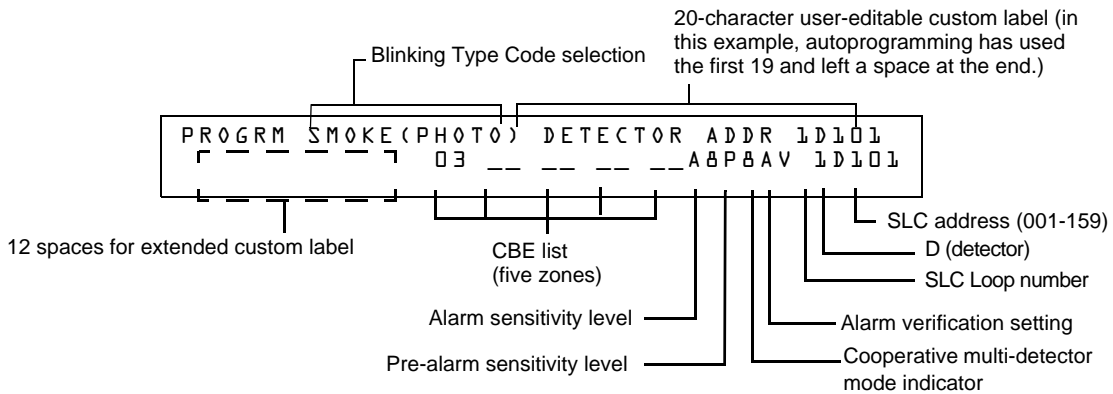
Topic	Feature or Option	Permitted in UL? Y/N	Permitted in ULC 527-11? Y/N	Possible Settings	Permitted in UL864? Y/N	Settings Permitted	Permitted in ULC 527-11? Y/N	Settings Permitted
Detector Sensitivity	Change detector alarm and prealarm sensitivity settings.	Y	Y	Refer to Table 8 for valid setting selections.	Y		Y	
Clear counters	Clear counts for all detectors selected for Alarm Verification	Y	Y	Select this option	Y		Y	
Clear history buffer	Clear the entire history buffer from memory	Y	Y	Select this option	Y		Y	
System Time/Date	Set time and date for the system clock	Y	Y	AM/PM, day of week, date	Y		Y	
Walk Test	Select type of walk test. Physically disconnect all releasing devices before starting Walk Test.	Y	Y	Basic, Advanced	Y		Y	

Table 6 Programming Options (7 of 7)



ACS Selection Group	Annunciator Display	ACS Selection Group	Annunciator Display
A	8 System points & Zones 1 - 56	M	Programmable for use with FireVoice NFV-25/50ZS or FirstCommand
B	Zones 57 - 99, 9 F Zones, 8 R Zones, 4 NACs	N	8 System Points & Zones 1-56
C	Loop 1, Modules 1 - 64	O	8 System Points & Zones 1-56
D	Not used	P*	Loop 1, Modules 65-100 Loop 1, Detectors 1-14 (each detector occupies 2 points)
E	Loop 1, Modules 65 - 128	Q*	Not used
F	Not used	R*	Loop 1, detectors 15-46 (Each detector occupies 2 points)
G	Loop 1, Modules 129 - 159 (1 unused point)	S*	Not used
H	Loop 1, Detectors 1 - 64	T*	Loop 1 Detectors 47-78 (Each detector occupies 2 points)
I	Not used	U*	Not used
J	Loop 1, Detectors 65 - 128	V*	Loop 1 Detectors 79-100 (Each detector occupies 2 points)
K	Not used	W*	Not used
L	Loop 1, Detectors 129 - 159 (1 unused point)	*Group only available with UDACT programmed as option 2.	

Table 7 ACS Selection Groups



NOTE: (d) Signifies the factory default setting in the detector sensitivity table below.

Detector Type	Alarm (FlashScan)	Alarm (CLIP)	Pre-Alarm
Photo Electric	AL:1=0.50 %	AL:1=0.50 %	PA:1=Auto
SMOKE (PHOTO)	AL:2=0.73 %	AL:2=0.73 %	PA:2=0.30 %
(See note *)	AL:3=0.96 %	AL:3=0.96 %	PA:3=0.47 %
	AL:4=1.19 %	AL:4=1.19 %	PA:4=0.64 %
	AL:5=1.43 %	AL:5=1.43 %	PA:5=0.81 %
	AL:6=1.66 %	AL:6=1.66 %	PA:6=0.99 %
	AL:7=1.89 %	AL:7=1.89 %	PA:7=1.16 %
	AL:8=2.12 % (d)	AL:8=2.12 % (d)	PA:8=1.33 % (d)
	AL:9=2.35 %	AL:9=2.35 %	PA:9=1.50 %

Table 8 Detector Sensitivity (in percent obscuration per foot) (1 of 2)

Detector Type	Alarm (FlashScan)	Alarm (CLIP)	Pre-Alarm
Ion SMOKE (ION) (See notes † and ‡)	AL:1=0.50 % AL:2=0.75 % AL:3=1.00 % AL:4=1.25 % AL:5=1.50 % AL:6=1.75 % (d) AL:7=2.00 % AL:8=2.25 % AL:9=2.50 %	AL:1=0.50 % AL:2=0.75 % AL:3=1.00 % AL:4=1.25 % AL:5=1.50 % AL:6=1.75 % (d) AL:7=2.00 % AL:8=2.25 % AL:9=2.50 %	PA:1=Auto PA:2=0.40 % PA:3=0.50 % PA:4=0.75 % PA:5=1.00 % PA:6=1.25 % (d) PA:7=1.50 % PA:8=1.75 % PA:9=2.00 %
FlashScan View® Laser (See Note ‡)	AL:1=0.02 % AL:2=0.03 % AL:3=0.05 % AL:4=0.10 % AL:5=0.20 % AL:6=0.50 % (d) AL:7=1.00 % AL:8=1.50 % AL:9=2.00 %	AL:1=0.02% AL:2=0.03 % AL:3=0.05 % AL:4=0.10 % AL:5=0.20 % AL:6=0.50 % (d) AL:7=1.00 % AL:8=1.50 %** AL:9=2.00 %	PA:1=Auto PA:2=0.02 % PA:3=0.05 % PA:4=0.10 % PA:5=0.20 % PA:6=0.50 % (d) PA:7=0.70 % PA:8=1.00 % PA:9=1.50 %
Acclimate Plus™ (See Note ††)	AL:1=0.50 % AL:2=1.00 % AL:3=1.00 to 2.00 % AL:4=2.00 % AL:5=2.00 to 3.00% (d) AL:6=3.00 % AL:7=3.00 to 4.00 % AL:8=4.00 % AL:9=thermal 135°F	Alarm (CLIP) AL:1=1.00 % AL:2=1.00 % AL:3=1.00 to 2.00 % AL:4=2.00 % AL:5=2.00 to 4.00% (d) AL:6=2.00 to 4.00% AL:7=2.00 to 4.00% AL:8=4.00 % AL:9=4.00%	PA:1=0.50% PA:2=1.00 % PA:3=1.00 % PA:4=1.00 to 2.00% PA:5=1.00 to 2.00 % (d) PA:6=2.00 % PA:7=2.00 % PA:8=2.00 to 3.00 % PA:9=2.00 to 3.00 %
Beam Detector (See Note ††)	AL:1=25% AL:2=30% AL:3=40% AL:4=50% AL:5=30 - 50% AL:6=40 - 50%	AL:1=25% AL:2=30% AL:3=40% AL:4=50% AL:5=30 - 50% AL:6=40 - 50%	N/A
FSC-851 IntelliQuad Detector***	AL:1=1% AL:2=2% AL:3=3% AL:4=3% w/ 10 minute confirmation††† AL:5=4% w/ 10 minute confirmation AL:6=Thermal 135°F AL:7=Thermal 135°F AL:8=Thermal 135°F AL:9=Thermal 135°F		PA:1=1% PA:2=1% PA:3=2% PA:4=3% PA:5=3% w/ 10 minute confirmation PA:6=4% w/ 10 minute confirmation PA:7=4% w/ 10 minute confirmation PA:8=4% w/ 10 minute confirmation PA:9=4% w/ 10 minute confirmation
FCO-851 IntelliQuad PLUS Multi-Criteria Fire/CO Detector	AL:1=1% AL:2=2% AL:3=3% AL:4=3% w/ 10 minute confirmation††† AL:5=4% w/ 10 minute confirmation AL:6=Thermal 135°F		PA:1=1% PA:2=1% PA:3=2% PA:4=3%w/ 10 minute confirmation PA:5=3%w/ 10 minute confirmation PA:6=4% Thermal 135°F

Table 8 Detector Sensitivity (in percent obscuration per foot) (2 of 2)

* Detectors are suitable for open area protection within the listed air velocity range. Typically, this range is 0 - 4,000 ft/min for photoelectric detectors and 0 - 1,200 ft/min for ionization detectors. Be sure to confirm this range before installing the detector by referring to the manufacturer's installation instructions.

† Use only alarm sensitivity setting of AL=1, AL=2 or AL=3 for ION detectors installed in Canada.

‡ The use of alarm sensitivities below 0.50% obscuration per foot requires a 90 day test to ensure that the environment for the detectors is suitable for the higher sensitivity setting.

** 1% maximum on CLIP. Higher figures may display.

†† For Acclimate detectors installed in Canada: Use only the alarm settings of AL:1 or AL:2.

††† Refer to the beam detector manual to determine the alarm settings: they are a function of the distance between the detector and its reflector.

*** In CLIP mode, any AL: settings over AL:5 will be set to AL:5 by the panel. Any PA: settings over PA:5 will be set to PA:5 by the panel.

†††† Within the 10 minute fire signature confirmation delay period if there is a detection of another fire signature (Carbon Monoxide, Infrared or Thermal) it overrides the 10 minute confirmation time.

Type Code	Point Characteristics			Device Function
	Point Type	Latching (Y/N)	Point Function	
SMOKE (ION)	fire alarm	Y	lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	Ionization smoke detector
SMOKE(DUCTI)	fire alarm	Y	lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	Duct Ionization smoke detector
SUP.T(DUCTI) ³	supervisory	N	lights supervisory LED	Ionization smoke detector used as a duct detector to report supervisory condition rather than alarm. Tracking.
SUP.L(DUCTI)	supervisory	Y	lights supervisory LED	Ionization smoke detector used as a duct detector to report supervisory condition rather than alarm. Latching.
SUP.T(ION) ^{2,3}	supervisory	N	lights supervisory LED	Ionization smoke detector used to report supervisory condition rather than alarm. Tracking.
SUP.L(ION) ²	supervisory	Y	lights supervisory LED	Ionization smoke detector used to report supervisory condition rather than alarm. Latching.
SMOKE(PHOTO)	fire alarm	Y	lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	Photoelectric smoke detector
SMOKE(DUCTP)	fire alarm	Y	lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	Duct Photoelectric smoke detector
SUP.T(DUCTP) ³	supervisory	N	lights supervisory LED	Photoelectric smoke detector used as a duct detector to report supervisory condition rather than alarm. Tracking.
SUP.L(DUCTP)	supervisory	Y	lights supervisory LED	Photoelectric smoke detector used as a duct detector to report supervisory condition rather than alarm. Latching.
SUP.T(PHOTO) ^{2,3}	supervisory	N	lights supervisory LED	Photoelectric smoke detector used to report supervisory condition rather than alarm. Tracking.
SUP.L(PHOTO) ²	supervisory	Y	lights supervisory LED	Photoelectric smoke detector used to report supervisory condition rather than alarm. Latching.
RF_PHOTO	fire alarm	Y	lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	Wireless Photoelectric smoke detector
SMOKE(HARSH) ¹	fire alarm	Y	lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	HARSH smoke detector
PHOTO/CO ⁴	fire alarm	Y	lights fire alarm LED for photo and heat, no LED will light for a CO alarm, photo and heat will activate CBE, CO alarm activates special function zone FC and sixth CBE zone only (sixth CBE zone programmable via VeriFire Tools)	Photoelectric, Carbon Monoxide, and Heat detector
PHOTO/CO (P SUP) ^{2,4,5}	fire alarm/ supervisory	Y	lights fire alarm LED for heat, no LED will light for a CO alarm, supervisory LED will light for photo alarm, heat and photo will activate CBE, CO alarm activates special function zone FC and sixth CBE zone only (sixth CBE zone programmable via VeriFire Tools). Panel can be	Photoelectric, Carbon Monoxide, and Heat detector
PHOTO/CO (C SUP) ⁴	fire alarm/ supervisory	Y	lights fire alarm LED for heat and photo alarms, will light supervisory LED for CO alarm, photo and heat alarms will activate CBE, CO alarm will activate sixth CBE zone only (sixth CBE zone programmable via VeriFire Tools)	Photoelectric, Carbon Monoxide, and Heat detector
NOTE: For Photo/CO detectors: Detectors programmed as P/CO (P SUP), the heat and CO elements will latch and require a system reset to clear. The Photo element will latch or track, depending on the Photo/CO (Photo SUP) setting. Detectors programmed as P/CO (C SUP), the heat and Photo elements will latch and require a system reset to clear. The CO element will latch or track depending on the Photo/CO (CO SUP) setting.				
SMOKE(BEAM)	fire alarm	Y	lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	Beam smoke detector
SMOKE(LASER)	fire alarm	Y	lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	Laser smoke detector
SUP.L(LASER) ²	supervisory	Y	lights supervisory LED	Laser smoke detector used to report supervisory condition rather than alarm. Latching.
SUP.T(LASER) ^{2,3}	supervisory	N	lights supervisory LED	Laser smoke detector used to report supervisory condition rather than alarm. Tracking.
SMOKE(DUCTL)	fire alarm	Y	lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	Duct Laser smoke detector
SUP T(DUCTL)	supervisory	N	lights supervisory LED	Laser smoke detector used as a duct detector to report supervisory condition rather than alarm. Tracking.
SUP L(DUCTL)	supervisory	Y	lights supervisory LED	Laser smoke detector used as a duct detector to report supervisory condition rather than alarm. Latching.
AIR REF	fire alarm	Y	lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	Assign to one or more FSL-751 detectors used to monitor the quality of air entering the protected area. The air quality measurement allows the VIEW® system to compensate for vehicle fumes, fog, or other particles brought into the protected area through the ventilation system. Poor air quality will lower the sensitivity of all FSL-751 detectors on the SLC. The detector sensitivity, however, remains within approved limits (always less than 1% obscuration per foot).

Table 9 Intelligent Detector Type Codes (1 of 2)

NOTE: A reference detector still functions as a smoke detector, but you should set the detector sensitivity level to the least sensitive level—AL:9 and PA:9 Change Alarm and Pre-Alarm sensitivity. Refer to “Detector Sensitivity (in percent obscuration per foot)” on page 29 for a complete list of detector sensitivity settings.

HEAT	fire alarm	Y	lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	190°F intelligent thermal sensor
HEAT+	fire alarm	Y	lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	190°F intelligent thermal sensor with low temperature warning.
HEAT(FIXED)	fire alarm	Y	lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	135°F intelligent thermal sensor
HEAT (ROR)	fire alarm	Y	lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	15°F per minute rate-of-rise detector
SMOKE ACCLIM	fire alarm	Y	lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	Combination Photoelectric/heat detector without freeze warning (Acclimate Plus™)
SMOKE(ACCLI+)	fire alarm	Y	lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	Combination Photoelectric/heat detector with freeze warning (Acclimate Plus™, or IntelliQuad FSC-851 Photoelectric Multi-Criteria Smoke Sensor)
SMOKE(MULTI) ¹	fire alarm	Y	lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	Multisensor smoke detector
ASPIRATION	fire alarm	Y	lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	Aspiration smoke detector
ASPIR (SUP)	supervisory	Y	lights supervisory LED and activates CBE	Aspiration detector supervision
ASPIR. (PRE)	prealarm	N	lights prealarm LED and activates CBE	Aspiration detector prealarm
ASPIR. (NON)	non-fire	N	activates CBE	Aspiration detector non-alarm
ASPIR. (REF)	non-fire	N	activates CBE	Used as a reference for other aspiration detectors on the loop.

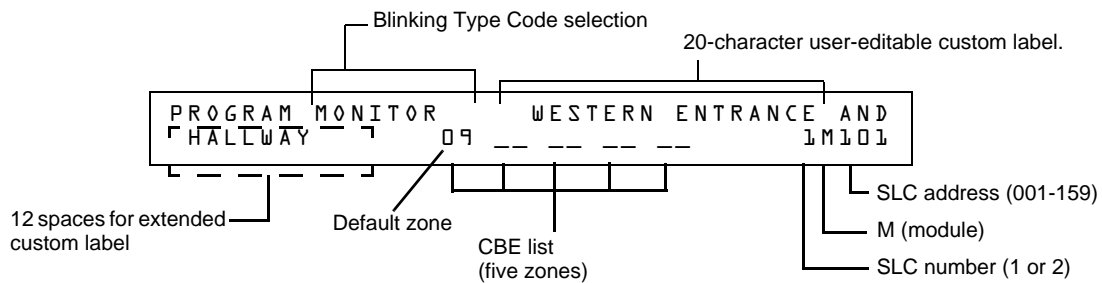
NOTE: Aspiration detector (FAAST) point programming requires 5 SLC addresses.

ACCL				
ACCL (P SUP)	fire	Y (see note below)	activates CBE	Combination Photoelectric/Heat detector. Photo element activation generates a supervisory condition
ACCL+ (P SUP)	fire	Y (see note below)	activates CBE	Combination Photoelectric/Heat detector with low temperature warning. Photo element activation generates a supervisory condition.

NOTE: For ACCL/ACCL+ detectors:
Detectors programmed as ACCL (P SUP) or ACCL+ (P SUP), the heat element will latch and require a system reset to clear. The Photo element will latch or track, depending on the ACCL (P SUP) latching setting.

- ¹ CLIP Mode only
- ² Requires approval of AHJ.
- ³ Not suitable for Canadian applications.
- ⁴ LED representation of a CO alarm may be performed using an ACS annunciator.
- ⁵ Photo element can be programmed as latching or tracking for all Photo/CO devices programmed as this type ID via VeriFire Tools.

Table 9 Intelligent Detector Type Codes (2 of 2)



Type Code	Point Characteristics			Device Function
	Point Type	Latching (Y/N)	Point Function	
MONITOR	fire alarm	Y	Lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	Alarm-monitoring device
PULL STATION	fire alarm	Y	Lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	Manual fire-alarm-activating device, such as a pull station
RF MON MODUL	fire alarm	Y	Lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	Wireless alarm-monitoring device
RF PULL STA	fire alarm	Y	Lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	Wireless manual fire-alarm-activating device, such as a pull station
SMOKE CONVEN	fire alarm	Y	Lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	Indicates activation of a conventional smoke detector attached to an FZM-1
SMOKE DETECT	fire alarm	Y	Lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	Indicates activation of a conventional smoke detector attached to an FZM-1

Table 10 Type Codes for Monitor Modules (1 of 2)

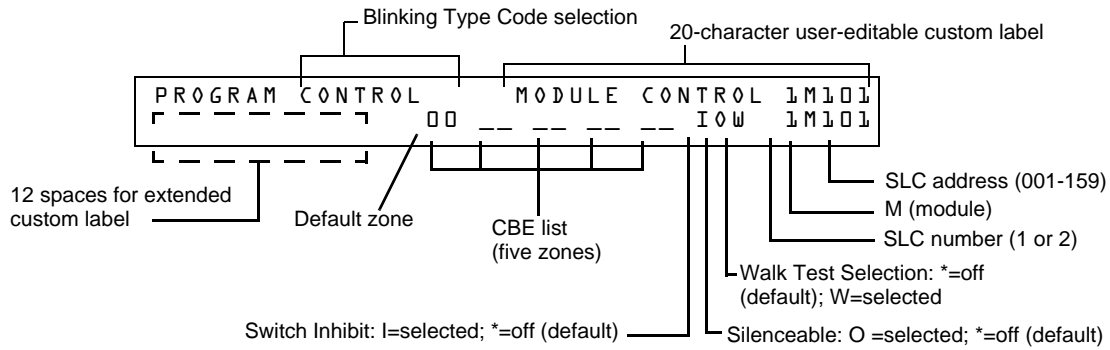
WATERFLOW	fire alarm	Y	Lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	Monitor for waterflow alarm switch
WATERFLOW S	supervisory	Y	Lights supervisory LED and activates CBE	Indicates supervisory condition for activated waterflow switch
ACCESS MONTR	non-alarm	N	Activates CBE	Used for monitoring building access
AREA MONITOR	security	Y	Lights security LED and activates CBE	Monitors building access
AUDIO SYSTEM	trouble	N	Lights trouble LED	Not used
EQUIP MONITR	security	N	Activates CBE	Used for recording access to monitored equipment
RF SUPERVSRY	supervisory	N	Lights Supervisory LED	Monitors a radio frequency device
SECURITY	security	Y	Lights security LED	Indicates activation of security alarm
LATCH SUPERV	supervisory	Y	Lights supervisory LED	Indicates latching supervisory condition
TRACK SUPERV	supervisory	N	Lights supervisory LED	Monitors for waterflow tamper switches for alarm points
SYS MONITOR	security	Y	Lights security LED and activates CBE	Monitors equipment security
TAMPER	supervisory	Y	Lights supervisory LED, activates CBE	Indicates activation of tamper switch
ACK SWITCH	non-alarm	N	Performs Acknowledge function, no CBE	Silences panel sounder, gives an Acknowledge message on the panel LCD
ALLCALL PAGE	non-alarm	N	Activates all speaker circuits, no CBE	Not used
DRILL SWITCH ³	non-alarm	N	Performs Drill function	Activates silenceable outputs
EVACUATE SWITCH	non-alarm	N	Performs Drill function	Activates all silenceable outputs
FIRE CONTROL	non-alarm	Y	Activates CBE	Used for non-fire activation of outputs
NON FIRE	non-alarm	N	Activates CBE	Used for building energy management
PAS INHIBIT	non-alarm	N	Inhibits Positive Alarm Sequence	Inhibits Positive Alarm Sequence
POWER MONITR	trouble	N	Indicates trouble	Monitors auxiliary power supplies
RESET SWITCH	non-alarm	N	Performs Reset function	Resets control panel
SIL SWITCH	non alarm	N	Performs Signal Silence function	Turns off all activated silenceable outputs
TELE PAGE	non-alarm	N	Performs function of Page Button on FFT-7	Not used
DISABLE MON	disable	N	When a point with this type code activates, it will create a disable on the panel for that point. No CBE generated.	Module can not be disabled via ACS, Alter Status, or over the network.
TROUBLE MON	trouble	N	Indicates Trouble	Monitors trouble inputs
ABORT SWITCH	non alarm	N	Indicates Active at the panel	Aborts activation of a releasing zone. Note: Abort switch can only be associated with one (1) releasing zone.
MAN RELEASE	fire alarm	Y	Lights Fire Alarm LED and activates CBE	Indicates activation of a monitor module programmed to releasing zone to perform a releasing function
MANREL DELAY	fire alarm	Y	Lights Fire Alarm LED and activates CBE	Indicates activation of a monitor module programmed for a release output
SECOND SHOT	fire alarm	Y	Indicates Active at the panel and activates CBE	Provides second activation of releasing zone after soak timer has expired.
Blank	fire alarm	Y	Lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	Monitors for a device with no description
HEAT DETECT	fire alarm	Y	Lights fire alarm LED and activates CBE	Monitors for conventional heat detector
CO MON ¹	CO alarm	Y	Activates CBE, no LED will light for CO alarm	Monitors conventional CO detector
ECS/MN SUPT	supervisory	N	Lights supervisory LED and activates CBE.	Monitors mass notification devices.
ECS/MN SUPL	supervisory	Y	Lights supervisory LED and activates CBE.	Monitors mass notification devices
ESC/MN TROUBLE MON	trouble	N	Indicates Trouble on a Mass Notification device	Monitors mass notification devices. Will generate a trouble condition for both open and short conditions.
ECS/MN MONITOR	MNS alarm	Y	Does not light any LEDs, overrides existing fire event ² , shuts off silenceable outputs and all fire activated strobes and activates CBE.	Monitors mass notification devices
RF GATEWAY	non-alarm	Y	Activates CBE	Provides communication between wireless device and the fire panel.

¹ LED representation of a CO alarm may be performed using an ACS annunciator.

² IF ECS/MN Override is not selected in VeriFire Tools, fire events will take precedence over ECS/MN audio events.

³ The Drill Switch type code should not be used for Canadian applications.

Table 10 Type Codes for Monitor Modules (2 of 2)

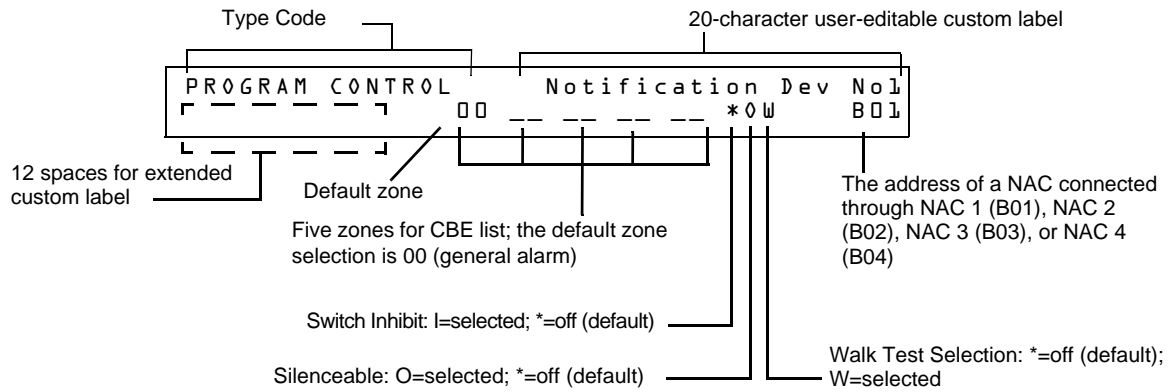


NOTE: On a control module, the default zone is always set to Zone 00 (general alarm).

Type Code	Silenceable (Y/N)	Configuration	Device Function
CONTROL	Y	NAC	Supervised NAC for notification appliance
RELAY	Y	Form-C relay	Relay output
BELL CIRCUIT	Y	NAC	Supervised NAC for notification appliance
STROBE CKT	Y	NAC	Supervised NAC for notification appliance
HORN CIRCUIT	Y	NAC	Supervised NAC for notification appliance
AUDIBLE CKT	Y	NAC	Supervised NAC for notification appliance
SPEAKER	Y	NAC	Not used
ISOLATED NAC	Y	NAC	Not used
ISOLATED SPK	Y	NAC	Not used
REL END BELL	N	NAC	Supervised NAC for notification appliance
blank	Y	NAC	Supervised NAC (for use when no other Type Code applies)
REL CKT ULC*	N	NAC	Releasing Circuit, power-limited (Class 2), supervised for opens, shorts and ground faults (always non-silenceable)
RELEASE CKT*	N	NAC	Releasing circuit, nonpower-limited, supervised for opens and ground faults
RELEA.FORM C*	N	Form-C Relay	Relay output, contacts operate upon release
REL AUDIBLE	Y	NAC	NAC, activated upon release
NONRESET CTL	N	Form-C Relay and NAC	Relay output, unaffected by "System Reset" command
TELEPHONE	N	NAC	Standard Telephone circuit
INSTANT RELE*	N	NAC	NAC, short = normal; supervised for open circuits and ground faults. Always non-silenceable and switch-inhibited.
ALARMS PEND.	N	NAC	Output that will activate upon receipt of an alarm condition, and remain in the alarm state until all alarms have been acknowledged. It is programmed as "switch inhibit".
CONTROL NAC	Y	NAC	Supervised NAC
GEN ALARM	N	NAC	Control Module, an XPC-8 circuit, or an XP5-C (in NAC mode) configured as a Municipal Box Transmitter for NFPA 72 Auxiliary Fire Alarm Systems applications. This Type ID can also be used for general alarm activation. It is programmed as "switch inhibit".
GEN SUPERVIS	N	NAC	Control Module, an XPR-8 relay, or an XP5-C (in relay mode) activated under any Supervisory condition (includes sprinkler type). It is programmed as "switch inhibit".
GEN TROUBLE	N	NAC	Control Module, an XPR-8 relay, or an XP5-C (in relay mode) activated under any System Trouble condition. It is programmed as "switch inhibit".
GENERAL PEND	N	NAC	Control Module, an XPC-8 circuit, or an XP5-C (in NAC mode) that will activate upon receipt of an alarm and/or trouble condition, and remain in the ON state until all events have been ACKNOWLEDGED.
TROUBLE PEND	N	NAC	Control Module, an XPC-8 circuit, or an XP5-C (in NAC mode) that will activate upon receipt of a trouble condition, and remain in the ON state until all troubles have been ACKNOWLEDGED. It is programmed as "switch inhibit".
MNS GENERAL	Y	NAC	Mass notification supervised output.
MNS CONTROL	Y	NAC	Mass notification supervised NAC.
MNS STROBE	Y	NAC	Mass notification supervised NAC.
MNS SPEAKER	Y	NAC	Mass notification supervised NAC for speaker circuits.
MNS RELAY	Y	Relay	Mass notification relay output.

* The FCM-1-REL checks for shorts with all releasing type codes.

Table 11 Control Module Type Codes



Type Code	Silenceable (Y/N)	Device Function
CONTROL	Y	Supervised NAC
BELL CIRCUIT	Y	Supervised NAC for notification appliance
STROBE CKT	Y	Supervised NAC for notification appliance
HORN CIRCUIT	Y	Supervised NAC for notification appliance
AUDIBLE CKT	Y	Supervised NAC for notification appliance
SPEAKER	N	Not used
REL END BELL	N	Supervised NAC
blank label	Y	Supervised NAC for undefined device
REL CKT ULC	N	Releasing Circuit, power-limited (Class 2), supervised for opens, shorts and ground faults (always non-silenceable)
RELEASE CKT	N	Releasing circuit, nonpower-limited, supervised for opens and ground faults
REL AUDIBLE	Y	NAC, activated upon release
REL CODE BELL	Y	Supervised NAC (NFS-320 NAC only)
INSTANT RELE	N	NAC, short = normal; supervised for open circuits and ground faults. Always non-silenceable and switch-inhibited.
ALARMS PEND	N	Output that will activate upon receipt of an alarm condition, and remain in the alarm state until all alarms have been acknowledged. It is programmed as "switch inhibit".
CONTROL NAC	Y	Supervised NAC
GEN ALARM	N	Control Module, an XPC-8 circuit, or an XP5-C (in NAC mode) configured as a Municipal Box Transmitter for NFPA 72-2002 Auxiliary Fire Alarm Systems applications (MBT-1 required). This Type ID can also be used for general alarm activation. It is programmed as "switch inhibit".
GEN SUPERVIS	N	Control Module, an XPR-8 relay, or an XP5-C (in relay mode) activated under any Supervisory condition (includes sprinkler type). It is programmed as "switch inhibit".
GEN TROUBLE	N	Control Module, an XPR-8 relay, or an XP5-C (in relay mode) activated under any System Trouble condition. It is programmed as "switch inhibit".
GENERAL PEND	N	Control Module, an XPC-8 circuit, or an XP5-C (in NAC mode) that will activate upon receipt of an alarm and/or trouble condition, and remain in the ON state until all events have been ACKNOWLEDGED.
TROUBLE PEND	N	Control Module, an XPC-8 circuit, or an XP5-C (in NAC mode) that will activate upon receipt of a trouble condition, and remain in the ON state until all troubles have been ACKNOWLEDGED. It is programmed as "switch inhibit".

Table 12 NAC Type Codes

5 Testing/Maintenance

When finished with the original installation and all modifications, conduct a complete operational test on the entire installation to verify compliance with applicable NFPA standards. Testing should be conducted by a factory-trained fire alarm technician in the presence of a representative of the Authority Having Jurisdiction and the owner's representative. All test and maintenance instruction codes and software necessary to provide test and inspection requirements of CAN/ULC-S536, Standard for the Inspection and Testing of Fire Alarm Systems. Follow procedures outlined in NFPA Standard 72's section on *Inspection, Testing and Maintenance*.

NOTE: Use 0 (zero) ohm impedance when testing wire-to-wire faults.

Disable or Enable a Point



WARNING:

Do not rely on disable/enable software settings to lock out releasing devices. Releasing devices must be physically disconnected.



NOTE: When an input or output point associated with releasing functions is disabled, a single supervisory trouble will be generated.'



Status Change Password

The Disable/Enable option lets you disable programmed points for detectors, modules, zones, and NACs. The program allows you to disable an initiating device in alarm: however, the disable will not take effect until after the panel has been reset.

- for detectors
- for modules
- for NACs
- for zones

1.From the “Status Change Selection” screen, press the **1** key to display the “Disable/Enable” screen.

2.Select the point type:

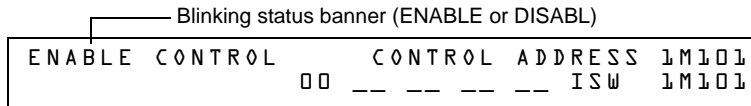
The cursor will blink the first SLC address digit in the detector, zone, module, or NAC field.



WARNING:

Disabling a zone disables all input and output devices that use the zone as the first entry in the CBE list.

3. Enter the address of the point, then press the ENTER key. A sample display follows:



Periodic Testing and Service

Periodic testing and servicing of the control panel, all initiating and notification devices, and any other associated equipment is essential to ensure proper and reliable operation. Test and service the control panel according to the schedules and procedures outlined in the following documents:

- NFPA Standard 72’s section on *Inspection, Testing and Maintenance*.
- Service manuals and instructions for the peripheral devices installed in the system. Correct any trouble condition or malfunction immediately.
- Drill (Alarm Signal for Canadian applications) Use the Drill/Alarm Signal key to manually activate all silenceable outputs and NACs. Press and hold the Drill/Alarm Signal key for 2 seconds. During a drill, the panel will turn on all silenceable NACs, Turn off the Signals Silenced LED, and sends a Manual Evacuate message to the History Buffer and installed printers, CRT-2 terminals and annunciators.
- Lamp Test - Use the Lamp Test key to test the control panel LEDs and panel sounder. Press and hold the key. The panel will light all control panel LEDs, turn on the panel sounder, and light all segments of the LCD display. If the Lamp Test key is held longer than 5 seconds, the LCD will display the software revisions.

Operational Checks

- Before proceeding: a) notify the fire department and the central alarm receiving station if transmitting alarm conditions; b) notify facility personnel of the test so that alarm sounding devices are disregarded during the test period; and c) when necessary, disable activation of alarm notification appliances and speakers to prevent their sounding.
- Disconnect all releasing devices to prevent accidental activation in accordance with NFPA 2001 and NFPA 12A releasing agents.



WARNING:

Do not rely on disable/enable software settings to lockout releasing devices.

- Check that the green POWER LED lights.
- Check that all status LEDs are off.
- Press and hold the LAMP TEST key. Verify that all LEDs and all LCD display segments work.
- Activate an Initiating Device Circuit using an alarm initiating device or an addressable initiating device on the SLC and check that all programmed active notification appliances function. Reset the alarm initiating device, the control panel, and any other associated equipment. In voice alarm applications, confirm that the proper tone(s) and/or messages sound during alarm conditions. Select the paging function and confirm that the message can be heard in the affected fire zones. Repeat the above step with each Initiating Device Circuit and each addressable device.

- On systems equipped with a fire fighter’s telephone circuit, make a call from a telephone circuit and confirm a ring tone. Answer the call and confirm communication with the incoming caller. End the call and repeat for each telephone circuit in the system.
- Remove AC power, activate an Initiating Device Circuit through an alarm initiating device or an addressable initiating device on the SLC, and check that programmed active notification appliances sound, and alarm indicators illuminate. Measure the battery voltage with notification appliances active. Replace any battery with a terminal voltage less than 21.6 VDC and reapply AC Power.



NOTE: The battery test requires fully charged batteries. If batteries are new or discharged due to a recent power outage, allow the batteries to charge for 48 hours before testing.

- Return all circuits to their pretest condition.
- Check that all status LEDs are off and the green POWER LED is on.
- Notify fire, central station and/or building personnel when you finish testing the system.

Walk Test

Walk Test allows the user to test the entire fire alarm system. There are two kinds of Walk Test - Basic and Advanced, described later in this section.

Before entering Walk Test, note the following:

- For each individual activation, the control panel sends “TEST Axx” (for alarm testing) or TEST Txx (for trouble testing) to the History buffer, installed printers and CRT-2s so results can be reviewed.
- Basic Walk Test, Silent – In order to keep the test silent, do not program any of the output modules with “W” in the Walk Test field.
- Advanced Walk Test - This test overrides a setting of “*” (silent) in the Walk Test field. All activated outputs will sound until panel reset.
- The control panel provides a 1-hour timer for Walk Test mode. When the hour expires with no activity, the control panel automatically returns to normal operation.
- Walk Test may be exited at any time by pressing the ESC key.



WARNING:

Walk Test mode deactivates fire protection. Always observe the following:

1. Prior to Walk Test, secure all protected buildings, and notify the building owner/operator, fire department, and other pertinent personnel that testing is in progress.
2. Immediately after Walk Test is completed, notify the same people that testing is complete and is restored to normal operation.



WARNING:

Physically disconnect all releasing devices before starting Walk Test. It is not sufficient to disable in any other manner.



NOTE: Walk Test will not start if any devices are active (i.e., fire alarms, security, supervisories or pre-alarms.) To perform a walk test while a device is active, disable the device and press the System Reset button.

Basic Walk Test

When the tester activates an input during Basic Walk Test, all silenceable outputs mapped by CBE to that input will activate. The activations are tracking; once the activation stimulus is removed, the input will deactivate. Basic Walk Test may be audible or silent, depending on the Walk Test setting of participating outputs. Program the Walk Test field for control modules and NACs as follows:

For	Program Silenceable Outputs with	Silenceable Outputs will
an audible Basic Walk Test	W	sound for approximately 4 seconds during Walk Test
a silent Basic Walk Test	*	not sound during Walk Test
a trouble Basic Walk Test	W	sound for approximately 8 seconds when put into trouble

Enter Basic Walk Test in the following manner:



Status Change
Password

From the "Status Change Selection" screen, press the 6 key. The control panel displays the "Walk Test" screen as shown below:

```
WALK TEST          PRESS ENTER TO START
ESCAPE TO ABORT
```



Operate the control panel in Walk Test as follows

To	Press
Put the control panel into Walk Test mode	
Stop a Walk Test and return to the "Status Change Selection" screen	

Basic Walk Test directs the control panel to do the following:

- Activate silenceable outputs associated by programming with each new alarm. (The panel does not activate non-silenceable outputs.)
- Save and store each test in the History buffer
- Send a TEST Axx status banner for each alarm, and a TEST TXX banner for each trouble, to the printer (xx equals the number of tests for a detector or input device with this address)
- Turn on the System Trouble LED
- Turn on the System Trouble relay
- Disable activation of the System Alarm relay

Advanced Walk Test

During Advanced Walk Test, when the tester activates an input, all CBE mapped to that input will activate with the exception of releasing functions. Each input activation is latching; that is, it will not deactivate until the system is reset. Advanced Walk Test will sound all activated outputs, overriding a setting of "*" (silent) in the Walk Test field.



NOTE: Some detectors, laser detectors for example, can be difficult to place in alarm using a magnet. Advanced Walk Test facilitates magnet testing of these detectors.

Enter Advanced Walk Test as follows:



Enter LTEST at the password screen. Asterisks will display where LTEST has been typed. Pressing ENTER displays the following screen.

LTEST

```
TROUBL IN SYSTEM   ADV WALK TEST
PROCESSING DISABLED 10:07a 041508 MON
```



NOTE: The control panel can not be put into Walk Test from an alarm condition.

To	Press
Stop an Advanced Walk Test and return to the "Status Change Selection" screen	

Advanced Walk Test directs the control panel to do the same as it does for Basic Walk Test with the following exceptions:

- alarm and trouble messages are sent to the printer, not test messages. (These Walk Test messages can be distinguished from others at the printer because they begin with the trouble message generated when Walk Test is entered, and end with the cleared trouble when Walk Test is exited.)
- all CBE mapped to the test input is activated except releasing functions.

Walk Test Activation Indications

FlashScan poll mode - Once the test is started:

- each intelligent addressable input device will blink its address in red, and each intelligent addressable output device will blink its address in green. Pattern examples are given below.

<u>Address</u>	<u>Blink Pattern</u>
8	8 blinks, long stop, 8 blinks, long stop,....
37	3 blinks, stop, 7 blinks, long stop, 3 blinks, stop, 7 blinks, long stop,....
70	7 blinks, stop, 10 blinks, long stop, 7 blinks, stop,....
107	10 blinks, stop, 7 blinks, long stop, 10 blinks, stop,....
152	15 blinks, stop, 2 blinks, long stop, 15 blinks, stop, 2 blinks, long stop....

- an input device activated in Basic Walk Test latches on steady green for the duration of the test.
- an output device activated in Basic Walk Test will remain active and the LED will glow steady green for:
 - approximately 4 seconds for alarms
 - approximately 8 seconds for troubles.
- an output device activated in Advanced Walk Test will remain active and the LED will glow steady green until the reset key is pressed.

CLIP mode - Once the test is started:

- intelligent addressable input and output devices continue to blink red as usual until activated.
- an input device activated in Basic Walk Test latches on steady red during activation. If the device is put in trouble (for instance, the detector head is removed, then replaced), the LED will be latched on for the duration of the test.
- an output device activated during Basic Walk Test will remain active and the LED will glow steady green (if a FlashScan module) or steady red (if a CLIP module) for:
 - approximately 4 seconds for alarms
 - approximately 8 seconds for troubles.
- an output device activated in Advanced Walk Test will remain active and the LED will glow steady green (if a FlashScan module) or steady red (if a CLIP module) until the reset key is pressed.

Viewing Walk Test Results

When finished with a Walk Test, view the History buffer, installed printers and CRT-2s to check the results of the Walk Test. View the History buffer by using the Read Status function. From the SYSTEM NORMAL screen, press the ENTER key, press the **2** key two times, then press the ENTER key to view the History buffer.

Battery Checks and Maintenance

Maintenance-free sealed lead-acid batteries used in the system do not require the addition of water or electrolyte. These batteries are charged and maintained in a fully charged state by the main power supply's charger during normal system operation. A discharged battery typically reaches the voltage of 27.6 VDC within 48 hours; the charge rate depends on the battery size (2.0A for 18-26AH; 5.0A-5.7A for 26AH-200AH).

Sealed lead-acid batteries must be replaced within at most 5 years from their date of manufacture. Minimal replacement battery capacity appears on the control panel marking label. Immediately replace a leaking or damaged battery. You can get replacement batteries from the manufacturer.



WARNING:

Batteries contain Sulfuric Acid which can cause severe burns to the skin and eyes and damage to fabrics.

- If a battery leaks and contact is made with the Sulfuric Acid, immediately flush skin and/or eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. Water and household baking soda provides a good neutralizing solution for Sulfuric Acid.
- If Sulfuric Acid gets into eyes, seek immediate medical attention.
- Ensure proper handling of the battery to prevent short circuits.
- Take care to avoid accidental shorting of the leads from uninsulated work benches, tools, bracelets, rings, and coins.



WARNING:

Shorting the battery leads can damage the battery, equipment, and could cause injury to personnel.

6 Compatibilities

Notifier® Compatible Equipment

NOTE: Products marked with a checkmark have not received UL 864 9th Edition certification and may only be used in retrofit applications.

NOTE: The wireless option is not suitable for ULC.

Electronic Equipment	
ACM-24AT Annunciator Control Module	FST-751, FST-851 Thermal Detector
ACM-48A Annunciator Control Module	FST-751R, FST-851R Thermal Detector (rate of rise)
ACM-8R Annunciator Control Module	FST-851H High Temperature Detector
ACPS-610 Addressable Charger/Power Supply	FTM-1 Telephone Module
APS2-6R Auxiliary Power Supply	FZM-1 Monitor and Zone Interface Module
AEM-24AT Annunciator Expander Module	FDM-1 Dual Monitor Module
AEM-48A Annunciator Expander Module	HS-NCM-MF High-Speed Network Communications Module (Multi-Mode Fiber)
AKS-1B Annunciator Key Switch	HS-NCM-MFSF High-Speed Network Communications Module (Multi-Mode Fiber to Single-Mode Fiber)
BAT-12120 Battery 12-volt, 12 amp-hour	HS-NCM-SF High-Speed Network Communications Module (Single-Mode Fiber)
BAT-12180 Battery 12-volt, 18 amp-hour	HS-NCM-W High-Speed Network Communications Module (Wire)
BAT-12250 Battery 12-volt, 25 amp-hour	HS-NCM-WMF High-Speed Network Communications Module (Wire to Multi-Mode Fiber)
BAT-12260 Battery 12-volt, 26 amp-hour	HS-NCM-WSF High-Speed Network Communications Module (Wire to Single-Mode Fiber)
BAT-12550 Battery 12-volt, 55 amp-hour	ISO-X Loop Fault Isolator Module
BAT-12600 Battery 12-volt, 60 amp-hour	ISO-6/A Loop Fault Isolator Module
BX-501 Intelligent Detectors/Sensors Base	FWSG Wireless Gateway.
B501/A Intelligent base	FWD-200P: Wireless photo detector for use with the FWSG Wireless Gateway.
B501BH Sounder base	FWD-200ACCLIMATE: Wireless Acclimate detector for use with the FWSG Wireless Gateway.
B501BH-2 Sounder base, steady tone	FWH-200FIX135: Wireless, fixed-temperature heat detector for use with the FWSG Wireless Gateway.
B501BHT-2 Sounder base, temporal tone	FWH-200ROR135: Wireless, rate-of-rise heat detector for use with the FWSG Wireless Gateway.
B200S/A Addressable sounder base	FW-MM: Wireless monitor module for use with the FWUI-DDLCD User Interface for use with the FWSG Wireless Gateway
B200SR/A Sounder base	FW-RM Wireless relay module for use with the FWSG Wireless Gateway
B200SCOAS Sounder base	KDM-R2 Keypad/Display Unit
B200S-LF Sounder base	LCD-80 Liquid Crystal Display Annunciator
B200SR-LF Sounder base	LCD2-80 Liquid Crystal Display Annunciator
B710LP/B210LP Intelligent detector base	LDM-32 Lamp Driver Module
CCM-1 Communication Converter Module	LDM-E32 Lamp Driver Module
CMX-1 Addressable Control Module	LDM-R32 Lamp Driver Module
CMX-2 Addressable Control Module	LPX-751 VIEW® Low Profile Laser Detector (CLIP)
CPU-320/E Control Panel Circuit Board	MMX-1 Addressable Monitor Module
CPX-551 Ionization Smoke Detector	MMX-2 Addressable Monitor Module
CPX-751 Intelligent Ionization Smoke Detector	MMX-101 Addressable Mini Monitor Module
CRT-2 Video Display Monitor with Keyboard	NBG-12LRA Agent Release-Abort Station
DPI-232 Direct Panel Interface	NBG-12 Series Manual Pull Station
FCM-1 NAC Module	NBG-12LX Addressable Manual Pull Station
FCM-1-REL Control Module	NBG-12LXP Portuguese-labeled Addressable Manual Pull Station
FCPS-24S6/S8 Field Charger Power Supply	NBG-12LXSP Spanish-labeled Addressable Manual Pull Station
FDX-551 Intelligent Thermal Sensor	NCA-2/C Network Control Annunciator
FDU-80, FDU-80G Remote Fire Annunciator	NCM-F Network Communications Module (Fiber)
FMM-1 Monitor Module	NCM-W Network Communications Module (Wire)
FMM-101 Mini Monitor Module	NCS Network Control Station
FSC-851 IntelliQuad Multi-Criteria Smoke Detector	NFV-25/50 Notifier FireVoice-25/50
FCO-851 IntelliQuadPLUS Multi-Criteria Fire/CO Detector	N-ELR Assortment ELR Pack with Mounting Plate
FSA-851A intelligent Aspiration Detector	N-MPS MPS Series Pull Station
06-NF10 Baffle for the FSA-851A	ONYXWorks Graphical Workstation
FSA-5000(A) FFAST XS Intelligent Aspiration Detector	PRN-7 80-Column Printer
FSA-8000(A) FFAST XM Intelligent Aspiration Detector	R-120 120 Ohm End-of-Line Resistor
FSA-20000(A) FFAST XT Intelligent Aspiration Detector	R-2.2K 2.2K End-of-Line Resistor
FSA-20000P FFAST XT PRO Intelligent Aspiration Detector	R-27K 27K End-of-Line Resistor
FSB-200S Single-ended beam smoke detector with sensitivity testing	R-470 470 End-of-Line Resistor
FSB-200 Single-ended beam smoke detector.	R-47K 47K End-of-Line Resistor
FSD-751P Photoelectric Duct Detector	A77-716B End-of-Line Resistor Assembly
FSD-751RP Photoelectric Duct Detector with alarm relay	RPT-485F EIA-485 Repeater (Fiber)
FSD-751PL Low-flow Duct Detector	RPT-485W EIA-485 Repeater (Wire)
FSP-851R/DNR Remote Test Capable Photoelectric Smoke Detector	RPT-485WF EIA-485 Repeater (Wire/Fiber)
FSD-751RPL Low-flow Duct Detector with alarm relay	RM-1 Remote Microphone
DHX-501, DHX-502 Duct Detectors	RM-1SA Remote Microphone
FSI-751, FSI-851 Ion Detector	SCS-8, SCE-8 Smoke Control Station
Acclimate Plus™ FAPT-751, FAPT-851 Combination Photoelectric/Heat Detector	SCS-8L, SCE-8L Smoke Control Lamp Driver
FSH-751 HARSH™ Smoke Detector	SDX-551 Intelligent Photoelectric Detector
HPX-751 Intelligent HARSH™ Detector	SDX-751 Intelligent Photoelectric Detector
FSL-751 VIEW® Low Profile Laser Detector	SLC-IM Signaling Line Control Integration Module
FSM-101 Pull Station Monitor Module	STS-1/STS-200 Security Tamper Switch
FRM-1 Relay Module	TM-4 Transmitter Module
FSP-751, FSP-851 Photo Detector	UDACT Universal Digital Alarm Communicator Transmitter
FDRM-1 Dual Monitor/Dual Relay	UDACT-2 Universal Digital Alarm Communicator/Transmitter
FSP-751T, FSP-851T Photo/Thermal Detector	XP6-C Supervised Control Module
DNR/W Intelligent Non-Relay Photoelectric Duct Detector	XP6-R Six Relay Control Module
	XP6-MA Six Zone Interface Module
	XP10-M Ten Input Monitor Module

Table 13 Compatible Equipment (1 of 2)

Backboxes, Chassis, Dress Panels, etc.

ABF-1B/C Annunciator Flush Box
ABF-1DB/C Annunciator Flush Box with Door
ABF-2B Annunciator Flush Box
ABF-2DB/C Annunciator Flush Box with Door
ABF-4B Annunciator Flush Box
ABM-16AT Annunciator Blank Module
ABM-32A Annunciator Module Blank
ABS-1TB/C Annunciator Surface Box
ABS-1B/C Annunciator Surface Box
ABS-2B Annunciator Surface Box
ABS-2D/C Annunciator Surface Box
ABS-4D/C Annunciator Surface Box
ABS-8RB Annunciator Backbox for ACM-8RNFS-LBB Battery Box
NFS-LBBR Red Battery Box
VP-2B 2" Filler Dress Plate

DR-D4 D-sized door, 4 rows of equipment
CAB-4 Series Backboxes (Black unless "R" is added to the P/N.)
 SBB-A4 A-sized backbox
 SBB-B4 B-sized backbox
 SBB-C4 C-sized backbox
 SBB-D4 D-sized backbox
CAB-4 Series Trim Rings (Black unless "R" is added to the P/N)
 TR-A4 A-sized trim ring
 TR-B4 B-sized trim ring
 TR-C4 C-sized trim ring
 TR-D4 D-sized trim ring
CHS-4L Low-Profile Chassis
CHS-4, CHS-4N Chassis for 4 Option Boards
NFS-320 Chassis for 1st row (included with the CPU-320SYS)
DP-1B Blank Dress Plate
DP-DISP2 Dress Panel: NFS-320/E in top row

The following equipment is for use with the NFS-320SYS only:

ADP2-640 Dress Panel: NFS-320SYS/E in lower row
ADP-4B Annunciator Dress Panel
BMP-1 Blank Module Plate
BP2-4 Battery Dress Plate
CAB-4 Series Doors (Black unless "R" is added to the P/N. Add B to the P/N for blank door)
 DR-A4 A-sized door, 1 row of equipment
 DR-B4 B-sized door, 2 rows of equipment
 DR-C4 C-sized door, 3 rows of equipment

System Sensor Equipment

A2143-00 End of Line Resistor Assembly
EOLR-1 End-of-Line Resistor Assembly

FSB-200, FSB-200S Beam Detectors

Retrofit Equipment: Compatible Notifier Equipment Listed Under Previous Editions of UL 864

NOTE: The products in this list have not received UL 864 9th Edition certification and may only be used in retrofit applications.

- ✓ **ACM-16AT** Annunciator Control Module
- ✓ **ACM-32A** Annunciator Control Module
- ✓ **ACPS-2406** Auxiliary Charger/Power Supply
- ✓ **AEM-16AT** Annunciator Expander Module
- ✓ **AEM-32A** Annunciator Expander Module
- ✓ **APS-6R** Auxiliary Power Supply
- ✓ **BGX-101L** Addressable Manual Pull Station
- ✓ **CHG-120** Battery Charger
- ✓ **FCPS-24** Field Charger Power Supply
- ✓ **IPX-751** Advanced Multi-Sensor Intelligent Detector
- ✓ **NCA** Network Control Annunciator
- ✓ **P-40** Keltron Printer
- ✓ **P40-KITB** Dress plate for Keltron Printer
- ✓ **PRN-4, PRN-5, PRN-6** 80-Column Printers
- ✓ **RA400** Remote Annunciator
- ✓ **RA400Z** Remote Annunciator with diode
- ✓ **XP5-C** Transponder Control Module
- ✓ **XP5-M** Transponder Monitor Module
- ✓ **XPC-8** Transponder Control Module
- ✓ **XDP** Transponder Dress Panel
- ✓ **XPM-8** Transponder Monitor Module
- ✓ **XPM-8L** Transponder Monitor Module
- ✓ **XPP-1** Transponder Processor
- ✓ **XPR-8** Transponder Relay Module

Table 13 Compatible Equipment (2 of 2)

Refer to document 15378, Device Compatibility Document, for a list of other devices compatible with this FACP.



NOTE: The FWSG Wireless Gateway as part of the wireless network has been tested for compliance with the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) requirements of the United States Government. This product has not been evaluated for use outside the USA. Use of this system outside the USA is subject to local laws and rules to which this product may not conform. It is the sole responsibility of the user to determine if this product may be legally used outside the USA.

7 System Configuration

The following is the minimum configuration to meet NFPA, UL, and ULC requirements for the categories listed.

Module	Description	CS	Local	AUX	RS	P (PPU)	P(Burg)	REL	P Rec	Process Mana.
CPU-320/CPU-320E	CPU Board w/ display	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
KDM-R2	Keyboard Display Module	Y(2)	Y(2)	Y(2)	Y(2)	Y(2)	Y(2)	Y(2)	Y(2)	Y(2)
NCA-2	Network Control Annunciator	Y(2)	Y(2)	Y(2)	Y(2)	Y(2)	Y(2)	Y(2)	Y(2)	Y(2)
KAPS-24 (Only 1 needed per unit)	Power Supply	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Alternate Construction CPS-24										

Table 14 System Configuration (1 of 3)

Module	Description	CS	Local	AUX	RS	P (PPU)	P(Burg)	REL	P Rec	Process Mana.
KAPS-24E (Only 1 needed per unit) Alternate Construction CPS-24	Power Supply	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
FCPS-24S6	Power Supply/Battery Charger	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
FCPS-24S8	Power Supply/Battery Charger	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
ACPS-610 Alternate Construction CPS-24	Power Supply/Battery Charger	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
ACPS-610E Alternate Construction CPS-24	Power Supply/Battery Charger	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
TM-4	Transmitter Module	N	N	Y	Y(1)	Y	O	O	O	O
NCS4-W-ONYX/NCS4-F-ONYX	Network Control Station	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
NCS5-W-ONYX/NCS5-F-ONYX	Network Control Station	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
NCM-W/F	Network Control Module	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
HS-NCM-W/MF/SF/WMF/WSF/MFSF	Network Control Module	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
CAB-A4	Enclosure	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)
CAB-B4	Enclosure	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)
CAB-C4	Enclosure	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)
CAB-D4	Enclosure	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)	Y(4)(5)
DP-1B	Blank Panel	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)
ADP-4B	Dress Panel	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)
BMP-1	Blank Module	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)
BP-4	Battery Plate	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)
DP-DISP2	Dress Panel	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)	O(3)(5)
FZM-1	Monitor Module	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
FMM-1	Monitor Module	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
FMM-101	Monitor Module	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
FDM-1	Dual Monitor Module	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
FDRM-1	Dual Monitor/Dual Relay	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
FTM-1	Control Module	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
FCM-1	Control Module	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
FCM-1-REL	Releasing Module	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
FCM-1-RELA	Releasing Module	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
FRM-1	Relay Module	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
XPM-8L	Transponder Monitor Module	O	O	O	O	O	X	O	O	O
PRN-7	Printer	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
DPI-232	Panel Interface	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
SCS-8	Smoke Control Station	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
SCS-8L	Smoke Control Lamp Driver	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
SCE-8	Smoke Control Expander	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
SCE-8L	Smoke Control Lamp Driver Expander	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
IPDACT	IP Digital Alarm Communicator	O	N	N	O	N	N	N	N	N
UDACT-2	Digital Alarm Communicator	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
ACM-16AT	Annunciator Control Module	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
ACM-32A	Annunciator Control Module	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
AEM-16AT	Annunciator Expander Module	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
AEM-32A	Annunciator Expander Module	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
AFM-16A	Annunciator Fixed Module	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O
AFM-16AT	Annunciator Fixed Module	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O

Table 14 System Configuration (2 of 3)

Module	Description	CS	Local	AUX	RS	P (PPU)	P(Burg)	REL	P Rec	Process Mana.
AFM-32A	Annunciator Fixed Module	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AKS-1B	Annunciator Key Switch	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RKS-S	Remote Security Keyswitch	0	0	0	0	0	Y	0	0	0
ACM-24AT	Annunciator Control Module	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AEM-24AT	Annunciator Expander Module	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACM-48A	Annunciator Control Module	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
AEM-48A	Annunciator Expander Module	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FDU-80, FDU-80G	Annunciator	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LCD-80	Annunciator	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LCD-80TM	Annunciator	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LCD2-80	Annunciator	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RPT-W	Repeater Wire	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RPT-F	Repeater Fiber	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RPT-485W	Repeater Wire	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RPT-485FW	Repeater Wire/Fiber	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NBG-12LX	Addressable Manual Pull Station	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NBG-12LRA	Agent Release Abort Station	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BP2-4	Battery Plate	Y(5)	Y(5)	Y(5)	Y(5)	Y(5)	Y(5)	Y(5)	Y(5)	Y(5)
FCO-851	IntelliQuad PLUS Multi-Criteria Fire/CO Detector	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FSA-8000	Intelligent Aspiration Detector	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FSA-20000P	Intelligent Aspiration Detector	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 14 System Configuration (3 of 3)

- (1) - The system must contain at least one of the units.
- (2) - The system must contain either one or the other displays.
- (3) - Various dress panels/dead fronts/ trim rings must be employed so that internal components and high voltage is not accessible.
- (4) - Each NFS-320SYS/NFS-320SYSE must include at least one enclosure.
- (5) - This equipment for use with the NFS-320SYS/NFS-320SYSE only.

Y - Yes

N - No

O - Optional

8 System Power/Size

Power	Current	Max. AH Capacity	Derating Factor	Max. Standby Current	Max. Alarm Current	Max. Standby Time	Max. Alarm Duration
Primary (Power Supply)	5A (CPS-24 Power Supply); or 2.5A (CPS-24E Power Supply)	N/A	N/A	891 mA (CPS-24) or 498 mA (CPS-24E)	2.4 A (CPS-24) or 1.46 A (CPS-24E)	N/A	N/A
Secondary (backup)	7.4A	200AH	26 AH batteries: UL=1.2, ULC=1.5 55 AH batteries: UL=1.2, ULC=1.8 100 AH batteries: UL=1.2, ULC=2.5 200 AH batteries: UL=1.2, ULC=2.5	4.4A (For 26AH batteries: max standby current cannot exceed 0.65A;)	7.4A (max alarm current cannot exceed 6.75A.)	24 hours	5 minutes standard, 15 minutes for emergency voice/ alarm communications systems.

Table 15 System Power

Accessories/Subassemblies/Networked panels	Maximum System Capacity
Monitor and Control Modules	159
Detectors	159
Initiating Device Circuits (SLC)	1
NFS-320 Fire Alarm Control Panel	High-Speed Noti•Fire•Net - 200 Nodes Noti•Fire•Net - 103 Nodes. 54 nodes when DVC is used in network paging.

Table 16 System Size

9 Operating Instruction

Frame and mount the NFS-320 Operating Instructions, p/n 52748, adjacent to the control panel. See back of this manual.

NFS-320 and NFS-320SYS and NFS-320SYS/E OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

Section 1 Operating Information

Normal Standby Operation.

1. Green POWER indicator lit steadily.
2. Red FIRE ALARM indicator off.
3. Yellow TROUBLE indicators off.

Alarm Condition.

1. Red FIRE ALARM indicator lit.
2. Alarm signaling devices activated.
3. Option module (remote station or supplementary alarm relay) activated.
4. Alarm information visible on LCD display.

Alarm Reset. After locating and correcting the alarm condition, reset the control panel by pressing the SYSTEM RESET switch. If both Fire and MNS conditions are present on the panel, SYSTEM RESET must be pressed twice.

Trouble Conditions. Activation of trouble signal under normal operation indicates a condition that requires **immediate** attention. Contact your local service representative. Silence the audible signal by pressing the ACKNOWLEDGE/SCROLL DISPLAY switch. The trouble indicator will remain illuminated.

Section 2 Switch Functions

Acknowledge/Scroll Display. This silences the piezo sounder and changes all flashing conditions to steady. Only one press is necessary, regardless of the number of new alarms, troubles, or supervisory signals. If the piezo is silenced, it sends an acknowledge message to the printer and history file. Acknowledge also automatically sends a special command to silence piezo sounders on the FDU-80 and ACS Annunciators.

Signal Silence. SIGNAL SILENCE performs all the functions of ACKNOWLEDGE. In addition, if an alarm exists, it turns off all silenceable circuits and illuminates the SIGNALS SILENCED indicator. It also sends a SIGNALS SILENCED message to the LCD display, printer, and history file. A subsequent alarm will then resound the system.

Notes:

1. This unit is programmed to inhibit signal silence for ____ seconds.
2. This unit is programmed to automatically silence alarm signal after ____ minutes.

Drill (Alarm Signal for Canadian applications). The NFS-320 and NFS-320SYS waits for the Drill/Alarm Signal switch to be pressed for 2 seconds (to prevent accidental activations), then turns on all silenceable circuits (all FCM-1 modules/bell circuits that are programmed silenceable), and turns off the Signals Silenced LED. It sends a Drill Activated message to the LCD display, FDU-80, printer, and History file.

System Reset. Resets the control panel in standalone applications. Resets panel when enabled in network applications.

Lamp Test. Press and hold the switch to lamp-test the LEDs.

Section 3 LED Indicators

Controls Active. Green LED which illuminates when the panel assumes control of local operation as primary display. Turns off automatically when another panel assumes control of local operation.

Power. Green LED which illuminates when primary power is applied to the control panel.

Pre-Discharge. Red LED lights when any of the releasing zones have been activated, but have not yet discharged a releasing agent; turns off when no releasing zones are in the pre-discharge state.

Discharge. Red LED lights when any of the releasing zones are active and in the process of discharging a releasing agent; turns off when no releasing zones are discharging a releasing agent.

Abort Active. Yellow LED lights when an abort switch has been activated; turns off when an abort switch has been pressed and its timer is still counting down. Activation of a Manual Release Switch will override PredischARGE Delay and override an active Abort Release Switch, resulting in an immediate agent release.

Fire Alarm. Red LED that flashes when one or more alarms occur. Illuminates steadily after alarms are acknowledged; turns off when SYSTEM RESET is pressed after alarm clears.

Pre-Alarm. Red LED that flashes when a pre-alarm threshold is reached. The LCD display indicates if it is an ALERT or ACTION pre-alarm.

Security. Blue LED that illuminates for a security alarm. LED turns off after the alarm clears and SYSTEM RESET is pressed.

Supervisory. Yellow LED that flashes when a Supervisory, Hazard Alert, or Tamper condition occurs, such as a sprinkler valve tamper condition. The LED turns off when the Supervisory condition clears. The MNS, Hazard Alert, or Tamper indication will latch until reset.

System Trouble. Yellow LED that flashes when one or more troubles occur. Goes on steadily when ACKNOWLEDGE is pressed, and turns off when all trouble conditions are cleared. Will illuminate if the microprocessor watchdog timer fails (CPU FAIL).

Signals Silenced. Yellow LED that illuminates after SIGNALS SILENCED has been pressed. Turns off when DRILL or SYSTEM RESET is pressed.

Point Disabled. Yellow LED that illuminates when one or more points are disabled. The LCD will indicate which points have been disabled. Turns off when points are re-enabled.

Section 4 Audible Tone Indicator

Alarm. A continuous sounding tone.

Trouble/Security. A slow, pulsating tone signal having an equal on and off time.

Supervisory. A fast, pulsating tone signal having an equal on and off time.

Section 5 Periodic Testing and Maintenance

To ensure proper and reliable operation, system inspection and testing should be scheduled as required by the Authority Having Jurisdiction, or as required by NFPA 72 or local fire codes. A qualified Service Representative should perform testing.

Before Testing: Notify fire department and/or central alarm receiving station if alarm condition is transmitted. Notify facility personnel of the test so alarm sounding devices are ignored during the test period.

After Testing: Notify all fire, central station, and/or building personnel when testing is complete.

Section 6 Local Service Representative:

NAME: _____

ADDRESS: _____

TELEPHONE NUMBER: _____

